

# STATISTICAL REVIEW AND MATCH ANALYSIS

**IRB GAME ANALYSIS** 



# CONTENTS

	Page
Commentary	1
Pool Results	5
Knockout Results	7
Player Statistics	8
Summary	9
Section 1	10
Summary of Constituent Game Elements	
Section 2	12
Statistical Analysis and Match Summary	
Scoring	12
Try Scoring	17
Tries	21
Kicks at Goal	29
Ball in Play	31
Activity Cycles	33
Restarts	46
Lineouts	47
Scrums	48
Penalties	49
Cards	50
Substitutions/TMO	52
Section 3	53
Team Statistical Summary	
Section 4	73
Shape of the Game	
$($ Comparison of $\widehat{RWC}$ 2007 with RWC 2005 $)$	



### COMMENTARY

Rugby World Cup proved once again that winning a world cup is quite a different proposition from winning a championship. When a tournament has a knock-out stage, then the dynamics suddenly change – and, in RWC 2007, some of the changes were remarkable.

In one area however, there was no surprise. South Africa, the winning team, produced the sort of rugby throughout the tournament that was consistent with its approach in the period leading up to it. Their game was based on a strong set piece, an aggressive defence and an ability to turn transgressions into points. In RWC 2007, it proved highly successful. Their own lineout was as successful as any, they managed more lineout steals than any other team, and had an effective scrum. Securing possession was not seen as the ultimate objective – pressure was the priority - and their kick at goal rate was at the satisfactory 75% mark. In addition, but excluding the final where no tries were scored, they scored tries at a consistent level throughout the tournament with match try counts of 8,3,4,9,5, and 4.

With several of the other teams, however, matters proved far less predictable.

Before RWC 2007 started, there appeared to be a clear favourite. New Zealand's record over the last several years had been outstanding.

They had done all this through pursuing a clearly identified approach that was not replicated by their rivals. New Zealand saw all their players as distributors of the ball while most other countries saw forwards as providers and just the backs as distributors. The result was that New Zealand were highly successful with their many tries coming from all parts of the field and from all available sources of possession.

There is however a risk in the 15 man distribution approach – or at least there is a perceived risk. Passing from all parts of the pitch requires a solid platform as well as skill and pace. It also requires confidence since it is thought to heighten the risk of losing possession when compared to a tight kicking and rucking game. Successful as the New Zealand approach had been, the one question that was critical therefore was whether an

expansive approach would stand up under the pressure of a winner take all knockout competition.

It did not – and this has never been more dramatically illustrated than in the France v New Zealand quarter final game. In order to understand the immensity of this game, it is necessary to go back to November 2006.

In that month, New Zealand defeated France – in France - by 47 points to 3. This suggested that New Zealand seemed to have found the right formula for beating one of their major world cup rivals. They scored 7 tries, creating just 43 rucks and kicked the ball 29 times. They made few passes – just 91 – but were clinical in their execution.

This formula disappeared however in their RWC quarter final match against France. Instead of creating 43 rucks, New Zealand created 165 or almost 4 times as many. This was around 100 more than a normal New Zealand game; was around 50% higher than the next highest in the tournament and is almost certainly the highest figure ever seen in an international match. It was at a scale that New Zealand had never remotely experienced before with an often seen expansive approach being replaced by forward attrition. The successful formula of recent years had been abandoned for some reason and New Zealand found themselves out of the competition.

The same could also be said however of their conquerors in that game – France. When they beat England, their semi final opponent by 22 points to 9, only a month or so before the tournament started, they kicked the ball just 19 times. In the RWC semi final however, against the same opponents, they kicked the ball 46 times and lost. Again, the perceived safety of kicking into the opponents half outweighed a possible alternative strategy that could have resulted in a different outcome.

It was not just New Zealand and France however that reacted in such a way at the thought of sudden death. Other teams also saw safety and comfort in kicking at a hugely accelerated rate.

While all internationals produce around 55 kicks per game, this figure was dwarfed at the knock out stages of RWC 2007. The final produced 91 kicks and the semi finals 86 and 85.

Attempted drop goals also reflected the difficulty in producing tries at the latter stages of the tournament. As the tournament progressed, so drop

goals were attempted far more frequently. Successes however were few and far between. Of the 29 attempted drop goals at the knock out stage only 2 were successful, a success rate of just 7% compared to the more usual 25-30%. What such attempts did however was confirm the view that – for whatever reason - tries are difficult to find at RWC.

But does this have to be? Is the only route to success at RWC one where creativeness has to be secondary to risk aversion?

One team certainly did not think so – Fiji.

Based on an analysis of set piece play, Fiji should have perished far earlier and far more comprehensively. They were the least successful of all 20 teams at the lineout – both on their own and their opponents' throw. They were also the least successful of all 20 teams at maintaining possession at the scrum and had a 0% success on their opponents put in. What they did however was attempt to play in the way that they knew best and what they were best at. In their matches against Wales and South Africa, they made just 19 kicks in each game while outpassing both their opponents quite comfortably. They also scored 6 tries in what proved to be a hugely successful approach. In achieving this, perhaps they also laid down a marker – that a team's approach to matches outside RWC can be replicated at the tournament if the fear of losing can be overcome and it can concentrate on what it does best.

There was another general consensus before the competition started. This concerned Tier 2 and Tier 3 countries. These so called 'minnows' were going to be heavily if not embarrassingly outgunned making the pool stage no more than an interlude before the real tournament started at the quarter final stage.

In the event, things were very different – and while the points differences in matches between Tier 1 teams and Tier 2 teams was in fact slightly greater in RWC 2007 than in RWC 2003, it was also slightly greater when Tier 1 teams played each other. In addition, rugby's unique scoring system can sometimes distorting the closeness of games – South Africa's knife edge win over Fiji for example, ended with a score line of 37-20.

The fact was that no other RWC produced so many closely fought matches between Tier 1 and Tier 2 countries. Georgia came close to beating Ireland, Tonga almost beat South Africa with the last move of the game, Romania were just edged out by Italy while Fiji beat Wales and found themselves in the quarter finals and within clutching distance of a semi final.

What happened in RWC was that Tier 2 and Tier 3 countries played for 80 minutes. In the past, less experienced teams could sometimes hold their own for the first hour or so before being overwhelmed in the last quarter. This did not happen in RWC 2007 which reflected the positive impact of the IRB Strategic Initiative Funding and the Specific IRB pre-RWC Funding that was directly targeted at improving the performance of Tier 2 and Tier 3 countries. Like Tier 1 countries, they scored just over 60% of their tries in the second half and conversely – just as Tier1 teams – conceded 40% of their tries in the first. Frequently, they were competitive right to the end.

As result, the contributions made by these, and other Tier 2 and Tier 3 countries, together with unexpected performances at the knock out stage by some of the Tier 1 teams, made RWC 2007 the most riveting and exciting world cup to date.



# **POOL STAGE - RESULTS**

### POOL A

		P	W	D	L	PD	TD	PF	TF	BP	PTS
-	SOUTH AFRICA	4	4	0	0	142	18	189	24	3	19
	ENGLAND	4	3	0	1	20	4	108	11	2	14
۲	TONGA	4	2	0	2	-7	-1	89	9	1	9
۲	SAMOA	4	1	0	3	-74	-10	69	5	1	5
	USA	4	0	0	4	-81	-11	61	7	1	1

ENGLAND	28	USA	10
SOUTH AFRICA	59	SAMOA	7
USA	15	TONGA	25
ENGLAND	0	SOUTH AFRICA	36
SAMOA	15	TONGA	19
SOUTH AFRICA	30	TONGA	25
ENGLAND	44	SAMOA	22
SAMOA	25	USA	21
ENGLAND	35	TONGA	20
SOUTH AFRICA	64	USA	15

#### POOL B

		P	W	D	L	PD	TD	PF	TF	BP	PTS
15°	AUSTRALIA	4	4	0	0	174	26	215	30	4	20
P L BUCHY	FIJI	4	3	0	1	-22	-2	114	14	3	15
- Weight	WALES	4	2	0	2	63	10	168	23	4	12
	JAPAN	4	0	1	3	-146	-23	64	7	1	3
*	CANADA	4	0	1	3	-69	-11	51	6	0	2

AUSTRALIA	91	JAPAN	3
WALES	42	CANADA	17
JAPAN	31	FIJI	35
WALES	20	AUSTRALIA	32
FIJI	29	CANADA	16
WALES	72	JAPAN	18
AUSTRALIA	55	FIJI	12
CANADA	12	JAPAN	12
AUSTRALIA	37	CANADA	6
WALES	34	FIJI	38

 $\begin{array}{lll} P = Played & W = Won & D = Draw & L = Lost & PD = Points \ difference & TD = Tries \ Difference \\ PF = Points \ For & TF = Tries \ For & BP = Bonus \ Points & PTS = Points \\ \end{array}$ 

Page 5 of 76



# **POOL STAGE - RESULTS**

### POOL C

		P	W	D	L	PD	TD	PF	TF	BP	PTS
L. CHUNON	NEW ZEALAND	4	4	0	0	274	42	309	46	4	20
	SCOTLAND	4	3	0	1	50	6	116	14	2	14
J	ITALY	4	2	0	2	-32	-6	85	8	1	9
ROMANIA	ROMANIA	4	1	0	3	-121	-17	40	5	1	5
	PORTUGAL	4	0	0	4	-171	-25	38	4	1	1
	NEW ZEALAN	D		76		ITA	ALY		14		
	SCOTLAND			56		PORT	<b>'UGAI</b>		10		
	ITALY			24		ROM	ANIA		18		
	NEW ZEALAN	D	-	108		PORT	'UGAI		13		
	SCOTLAND			42		ROM	ANIA		0		
	ITALY			31		PORT	<b>'UGAI</b>		5		
	SCOTLAND			0		NEW ZH	EALA	ND	40		
	ROMANIA			14		PORT	'UGAI		10		
	NEW ZEALAN	D		85		ROM	ANIA		8		

#### POOL D

ITALY

16

SCOTLAND 18

P	W	D	L	PD	TD	PF	TF	BP	PTS
4	4	0	0	110	14	143	16	2	18
4	3	0	1	151	21	188	24	3	15
4	2	0	2	-18	2	64	9	3	9
4	1	0	3	-61	-10	50	5	1	5
4	0	0	4	-182	-27	30	3	0	0
		12		ARG	ENTI	NA	17		
		32		NA	MIBIA	1	17		
		33		GE	ORGL	4	3		
		14		GE	ORGL	4	10		
		87		NA	MIBIA	1	10		
		25		IRF	ELANI	)	3		
		63		NA	MIBIA	1	3		
		30		NA	MIBIA	1	0		
		64		GE	ORGL	4	7		
		5		ARG	ENTI	NA	30		
	4 4 4	4     4       4     3       4     2       4     1       4     0	4       4       0         4       3       0         4       2       0         4       1       0         4       0       0         4       0       0         1       1       0         4       1       0         4       0       0         12       32         33       14         87       25         63       30         64       5	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4       4       0       0       110         4       3       0       1       151         4       2       0       2       -18         4       1       0       3       -61         4       0       0       4       -182         1       0       3       -61         4       0       0       4       -182         12       ARG       32       NA         33       GEU       14       GEU         14       GEU       87       NA         25       IRH       63       NA         30       NA       64       GEU         5       ARG       30       NA	4       4       0       0       110       14         4       3       0       1       151       21         4       2       0       2       -18       2         4       1       0       3       -61       -10         4       0       0       4       -182       -27         12       ARGENTIN       33       GEORGIA         33       GEORGIA       14       GEORGIA         14       GEORGIA       63       NAMIBIA         25       IRELANI       63       NAMIBIA         30       NAMIBIA       30       NAMIBIA         5       ARGENTIN       5       ARGENTIN	4       4       0       0       110       14       143         4       3       0       1       151       21       188         4       2       0       2       -18       2       64         4       1       0       3       -61       -10       50         4       0       0       4       -182       -27       30         4       0       0       4       -182       -27       30         1       12       ARGENTINA       32       NAMIBIA       33         33       GEORGIA       14       GEORGIA         14       GEORGIA       14       GEORGIA         14       GEORGIA       33       NAMIBIA         25       IRELAND       63       NAMIBIA         30       NAMIBIA       30       NAMIBIA         30       NAMIBIA       64       GEORGIA         5       ARGENTINA       5       ARGENTINA	4       4       0       0       110       14       143       16         4       3       0       1       151       21       188       24         4       2       0       2       -18       2       64       9         4       1       0       3       -61       -10       50       5         4       0       0       4       -182       -27       30       3         12       ARGENTINA       17       33       GEORGIA       3       14         33       GEORGIA       3       14       GEORGIA       3       10         87       NAMIBIA       10       3       63       NAMIBIA       10         25       IRELAND       3       3       30       NAMIBIA       3         30       NAMIBIA       0       64       GEORGIA       7       5	4       4       0       0       110       14       143       16       2         4       3       0       1       151       21       188       24       3         4       2       0       2       -18       2       64       9       3         4       1       0       3       -61       -10       50       5       1         4       0       0       4       -182       -27       30       3       0         1       12       ARGENTINA       17       33       3       0         12       ARGENTINA       17       33       3       0         12       ARGENTINA       17       33       3       0         14       GEORGIA       3       10       3       3       0         87       NAMIBIA       10       3       3       3       3       3         63       NAMIBIA       3       3       3       3       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4       4

 $\begin{array}{lll} P = Played & W = Won & D = Draw & L = Lost & PD = Points \ difference & TD = Tries \ Difference \\ PF = Points \ For & TF = Tries \ For & BP = Bonus \ Points & PTS = Points \end{array}$ 



# **KNOCKOUT STAGE - RESULTS**

	QUARTER	FINAL	
AUSTRALIA	10	<b>R</b> ENGLAND	12
NEW ZEALAND	18	FRANCE	20
SOUTH AFRICA	37	FIJI	20
ARGENTINA	19	SCOTLAND	13

	SEMI FII	NAL	
Sengland England	14	FRANCE	9
SOUTH AFRICA	37	ARGENTINA	13

	BRONZE I	FINAL	
FRANCE	10	ARGENTINA	34

	CUP FI	NAL	
<b>R</b> ENGLAND	6	SOUTH AFRICA	15



# PLAYER STATISTICS

	MOST POINTS			MOST TRIES	
e de la compañía de	Percy Montgomery	105	e f	Bryan Habana	8
UAR	Felipe Contepomi	91	15°	Drew Mitchell	7
	Jonny Wilkinson	67	RUCH UNON	Doug Howlett	6
	Nick Evans	50	М.	Shane Williams	6
FFR	Jean-Baptiste Elissalde	47	FFR	Vincent Clerc	5
	Chris Paterson	46	- SAN DINNE RUCHTUNION	Joe Rokocoko	5
	Pierre Hola	44	15°	Chris Latham	5
No.	Lionel Beauxis	43	et e	Jaque Fourie	4
PRESERV	Nicky Little	42	and a	JP Pieterson	4
et a	Bryan Habana	40		Sitiveni Waica	4
15°	Matt Giteau	40		Paul Sackey	4
Para Jane	Dan Carter	40	e la	Juan Smith	4
			COLUMN STATE	Rory Lamont	4



### SUMMARY

This Report is divided into 4 sections.

- Section 1 takes a brief look at constituent game elements in RWC 2007 and compares them to RWC 2003.
- Section 2 comprises a detailed statistical analysis of all matches played in the tournament, together with all the match results.
- Section 3 contains a one-page-per-team summary of key statistics relating to each of the 20 participating teams
- Section 4 compares the shape of the game as reflected through RWC 1995, the last of the amateur era, with the shape of the game as reflected in RWC 2007.



In many of its core elements, RWC 2007 showed little change from RWC2003 as shown in the following comparisons:

Averages per game	RWC 2007	RWC 2003
POINTS	52	59
TRIES	6.2	6.9
PENALTY GOALS	3.7	4.3
DROP GOALS	0.3	0.5
BALL IN PLAY	44%	42%
PASSES	224	241
RUCK/MAULS	144	136
KICKS	56	52
LINEOUTS	31	33
SCRUMS	19	21
PENALTIES	19	24

As implied in the Commentary however, the above figures hide a number of extreme contrasts and interesting trends that are covered more fully in the main report.



%

The following data also comes from the detailed report that follows and reflects in summary form the modern game as expressed through this year's RWC.

	RWC 2007	RWC 2003
% of points from TRIES	60%	59%
% of points from PENALTY GOALS	21%	22%
% of points from CONVERSIONS	17%	16%
% of points from DROP GOALS	2%	3%
TRIES per game	6.2	6.9
PENALTY GOALS per game	3.7	4.3
DROP GOALS per game	0.3	0.5
TRIES SCORED BY BACKS	61%	N/a
TRIES SCORED BY FORWARDS	39%	N/a
% of MATCHES with point margin of 20 or less	50%	42%
78 of WATCHES with point margin of 20 of less	5070	4270
CONVERSION SUCCESS RATE	71%	73%
PENALTY GOAL SUCCESS RATE	72%	71%
DROP GOAL SUCCESS RATE	17%	17%
of matches won by TEAM SCORING MOST TRIES	81%	81%
matches won by TEAM SCORING LEAST TRIES	8%	10%
% of TRIES FROM LINEOUT POSSESSION	32%	26%
% of TRIES FROM SCRUM POSSESSION	18%	27%
% of TRIES FROM PENALTY/FREE KICKS	9%	9%
% of TRIES FROM TURNOVER/ERROR	17%	17%
% of TRIES FROM OPPONENTS KICKS	19%	14%
OTHER	5%	7%
BALL IN PLAY TIME	44%	42%
% of all PASSES MADE BY BACKS	37%	N/a
% of all PASSES MADE BY SCRUM HALF	44%	N/a N/a
% of all PASSES MADE BY SCRUM HALF % of all PASSES MADE BY FORWARDS	19%	N/a N/a
	200/	200/
% of LINEOUT POSSESSION RETAINED	80%	80%
% of SCRUM POSSESSION RETAINED	89%	91%
% of RUCK/MAUL POSSESSION RETAINED	92%	N/a
YELLOW AND RED CARDS	35 yellow + 2 red	28 yellow
REFERENCES TO TMO	57	36



### SCORING

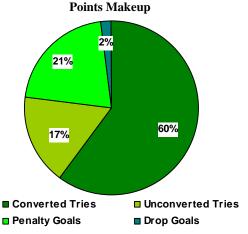
There were **2478** points scored in the 48 matches played, giving an average of **52** points per game. They were made up as follows:

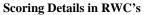
Type of Score		
Total	Points	
211	1477	
85	425	
178	534	
14	42	
488	2478	
	Total 211 85 178	

	% of points scored by Tries
	%
RWC 2007	52%
RWC 2003	59%
RWC 1999	59%
RWC 1995	53%
RWC 1991	51%
RWC 1987	55%

It can be seen that the % of points scored by tries has remained between 51% and 59% in all 6 RWCs.

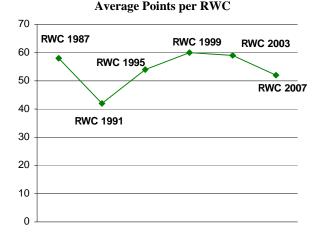
There were proportionally **more tries** and **fewer penalty goals** scored in RWC 2007 than in all but one of the previous five tournaments. The following table shows the comparative figures for all 6 RWCs to date:





Av points	Av tries per	Av pen goals	Try: penalty	<b>Drop Goals</b>
per game	game	per game	ratio	
52	6.2	3.7	1.7:1	0.3
59	6.9	4.3	1.6:1	0.5
60	5.9	6.2	0.9:1	0.5
54	5.8	5.0	1.2:1	0.5
42	4.6	4.0	1.2:1	0.5
58	7.0	4.0	1.8:1	0.5
	per game 52 59 60 54 42	per game         game           52         6.2           59         6.9           60         5.9           54         5.8           42         4.6	per game         game         per game           52         6.2         3.7           59         6.9         4.3           60         5.9         6.2           54         5.8         5.0           42         4.6         4.0	per game         game         per game         ratio           52         6.2         3.7         1.7:1           59         6.9         4.3         1.6:1           60         5.9         6.2         0.9:1           54         5.8         5.0         1.2:1           42         4.6         4.0         1.2:1

With an average points per game of 52, the overall team average per game is half that – ie 26. The chart shows the average points in all previous world cups.



Page 12 of 76



Not surprisingly, points scored and conceded varied enormously throughout the various teams and the average points per team are shown. The table is in several columns since the scoring rate achieve at the pool stage can distort the overall average. The table shows therefore, the average achieved in the pool stage and the actual points scored in the quarter final, semi final and final matches:

Points for/against per Team

		Pool match		Quarter final		Sei	ni final	]	Final
			verage		1				
		FOR	AGAINST	FOR	AGAINST	FOR	AGAINST	FOR	AGAINST
Z	RSA	47	12	27	20	37	13	15	6
	ENG	27	22	12	10	14	9	6	15
UAR	ARG	36	8	19	13	13	37	34	10
FFR	FRA	47	9	20	18	9	14	10	34
- HARRING	NZL	77	9	18	20				
J.S.	AUS	54	10	10	12				
	SCO	29	17	13	19				
	FJI	29	34	20	37				
- Maria	WAL	42	26						
0	TON	22	24						
J	ITA	21	29						
۲	SAM	17	36						
	IRE	16	21						
	JAP	16	52						
	USA	15	36						
***	CAN	13	30						
Ś	GEO	13	28						
(1)	POR	10	52						
ROMANIA	ROM	10	40						
	NAM	8	53						

It is inevitable that there will be major contrasts as the tournament progresses since there are matches at the pool level with as many as 16 tries being scored by one team. The data shows however that the extent of points differences between teams has remained relatively consistent over recent world cups.

% of Matches With Points Difference Over 20

	%
RWC 2007	50%
RWC 2003	58%
RWC 1999	51%
RWC 1995	47%
RWC 1991	43%
RWC 1987	59%

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 13 of 76



In RWC 2007, there were **9** matches with points margins in excess of 50 points. This was one less than in RWC 2003, but between two and three times more than RWC 1999 and RWC 1995. Despite this, over one third of matches still had margins of 10 points or less as can be seen below where the winning margins in all 48 matches are allocated into the various points categories:

Points Difference	No of matches	Cumulative
1 – 5	13	13 with 5 points or less
6 – 10	4	17 with 10 points or less
11 – 20	7	24 with 20 points or less
21 - 30	8	32 with 30 points or less
31 – 40	3	35 with 40 points or less
41 - 50	4	39 with 50 points or less
51+	9	48 with 51+ points or less

#### Points Difference in RWC 2007

#### Highest team scores in RWC since 1987

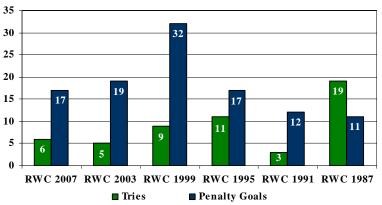
RWC	Team	VS	Points
RWC 1995	New Zealand	Japan	145
RWC 2003	Australia	Namibia	142
RWC 2003	England	Uruguay	111
RWC 1999	England	Tonga	101
RWC 1999	New Zealand	Italy	101
RWC 2007	New Zealand	Portugal	108
RWC 2003	New Zealand	Tonga	91
RWC 2007	Australia	Japan	91
RWC 2003	Australia	Romania	90
RWC 1995	Scotland	Cote D'Ivoire	89
RWC 2007	France	Namibia	87
RWC 2007	New Zealand	Romania	85
RWC 2003	England	Georgia	84
RWC 1987	New Zealand	Fiji	74
RWC 2003	South Africa	Uruguay	72
RWC 1999	Canada	Namibia	72
RWC 2003	New Zealand	Italy	70
RWC 1987	France	Zimbabwe	70
RWC 1987	New Zealand	Italy	70

As mentioned above, the above figures reflect <u>all</u> results in the tournament. However, as the tournament progresses and matches get tighter, the scoring profiles invariably changes. Because of this, matches played in the 2007 RWC have been divided into 3 groups:

- **1 Pool matches plus Bronze Final**
- 2 Quarter Finals
- **3** Semi Finals and Cup Final

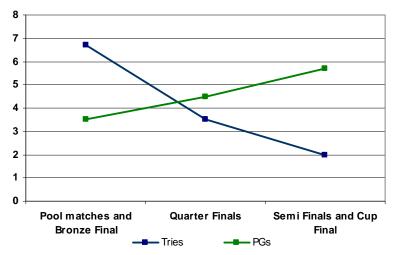


The first chart below shows that in 5 of the last six tournaments, penalty goals have consistently out-numbered tries by around 3 to 1 at the Semi-Final and Cup Final stage.



The following table and chart shows how the relationship between tries and penalty goals changed dramatically as the RWC 2007 tournament proceeded:

	Pool matches and Bronze Final		Quarte	Quarter finals		Semi Finals and Cup Final	
	Total	Average	Total	Average	Total	Average	
Tries	276	6.7	14	3.5	6	2.0	
Penalty goals	143	3.5	18	4.5	17	5.7	



### IMPACT OF THE PENALTY GOAL ON MATCH RESULTS

% of matches won by the team scoring the most tries

Previous paragraphs have shown that as a tournament progresses, penalty goals increase while

tries decrease. Nevertheless, in general and despite this, it is tries that win matches. In RWC 2007, the winning team scored the most tries in 81% of matches. It has always been at around this percentage.

	%
RWC 2007	81%
RWC 2003	81%
RWC 1999	95%
RWC 1995	78%
RWC 1991	84%
RWC 1987	88%

Page 15 of 76



In summary, of the 233 RWC matches played to date, 197 (or 85%) were won by the team scoring the most tries and only 11 were won by the team that scored the fewest tries but kicked more penalties.

However, 9 of the 11 occurred in RWC 2003 and RWC 2007. In RWC 2007, 3 occurred at the Pool stage – **Italy v Romania**, **Wales v Fiji**, **Scotland v Italy** – and one at the knock out stages – **England v Australia**. It goes without saying therefore that kicking remains important, especially in competitive close games. In RWC 2007, almost 70% of the points scored in the semi finals and finals came from kicks – whether conversions, penalties or drop goals.

This paucity of tries is further reflected in the fact that of the teams competing in Semi Finals and Cup Final only 3 managed to score a try and only 1 scored more than one.

The importance of kicking is underscored further by looking at the 4 most competitive matches played by the 4 semi finalists. The objective was to establish what percentage of points were the result of tries and what percentage the result of kicks. The matches examined were the final, semi-final, quarter finals and pool matches against the team that came second. This gave 4 matches to each team.

	% of points from Tries	% of points from Kicks
South Africa	48%	52%
England	16%	84%
Argentina	32%	68%
France	26%	74%

One final piece of data to emphasise the importance of kicks -

# Only 5 tries have been scored in total in the last 5 Rugby World Cup finals while 28 penalty goals have been kicked.



### **TRY SCORING**

The total number of tries, penalty goals and drop goals scored by each country in RWC 2007 was as follows:

#### Scoring per team per Round (Total tries/penalty goals/drop goals)

		Po	ol mat	ch	Qua	arter F	inal	Se	emi Fir	nal		Final	
		Т	PG	DG	Т	PG	DG	Т	PG	DG	Т	PG	DG
25	RSA	24	11	-	5	2	-	4	3	-	-	5	-
	ENG	11	9	4	_	4		1	2	_1	-	2	_
UAR	ARG	16	12	3	1	3	_1	1	2	-	5	1	-
FER ELEPTION	FRA	24	12	-	2	2	-	-	3	-	1	1	-
- ALLER RUCHT UNON	NZL	46	3	-	2	2	-						
J.S.	AUS	30	7	2	1	_1	-						
<b>E</b>	FJI	14	8	-	2	2	-						
	SCO	14	6	-	1	2	-						
	WA L	23	7	-									
0	TON	9	10	-									
\$	IRE	9	2	1									
J	ITA	8	11	-									
BUCBY	USA	7	6	-									
	JAP	7	7	-									
-	CAN	6	5	-									
S.	GEO	5	5	-									
	RO M	5	3	-									
	SAM	5	12	-									
	POR	4	3	1									
	NA M	3	2	1									

### **RATE OF TRY SCORING**

The table immediately above shows the number of tries scored by each country. The table does not show however how <u>effective</u> each team was in scoring tries in relation to the possession that it obtained. A team may obtain little possession but still manage to score a significant number of tries. The following paragraphs consider this and attempt to show how successful each team was in converting possession into tries.



This was done by adding together the time each team was in possession of the ball in each of the matches played and then dividing it by the number of tries scored. The result then gave a <u>rate</u> of try scoring – or a measure of how effective each country was in converting possession into tries.

		Pool match	Quarter Final	Semi Final	Final
Z	RSA	1 try scored every 160 secs	1 try scored every 205 secs	1 try scored every 233 secs	No tries scored in 1012 secs
	ENG	437 secs	No tries scored in 918 secs	1 try scored every 1151 secs	No tries scored in 1292 secs
UAR	ARG	311 secs	1 try scored every 1207 secs	1 try scored every 982 secs	1 try scored every 180 secs
FFR	FRA	197 secs	1 try scored every 473 secs	No tries scored in 1262 secs	1 try scored every 1622 secs
AND DAMES	NZL	91 secs	1 try scored every 556 secs		
J.S.	AUS	140 secs	1 try scored every 1114 secs		
<b>FU</b>	FJI	277 secs	1 try scored every 537 secs		
	SCO	298 secs	1 try scored every 691 secs		
- The second sec	WAL	185 secs			
٢	TON	440 secs			
\$	IRE	489 secs			
Å	ITA USA	525 secs 583 secs			
RUCEY	JAP	505 secs			
	SAM	711 secs			
-	CAN	779 secs			
ROMANIA	ROM	872 secs			
	POR	877 secs			
Ś	GEO	925 secs			
Sec.	NAM	963 secs			

### Rate of try scoring per Team per Round

The above figures show that at the knockout stage, South Africa was the most effective team in turning possession into tries.



### **RATE OF TRY CONCEDING**

Following the above exercise, the converse was looked at ie. how <u>effective</u> was each team in <u>restricting</u> tries in relation to the possession that their opponents obtained. The following paragraph tries to measure this by illustrating how successful each team was in <u>preventing</u> their opposition from converting possession into tries. This was done by adding together the total time the team's opponents were in possession of the ball - and then dividing it by the number of tries conceded. The result then gave a <u>rate</u> of try scoring by the opposition.

		Pool match	Quarter Final	Semi Final	Final
	-				
Z	RSA	1 try conceded every 687 secs	1 try conceded every 537 secs	1 try conceded every 982 secs	No tries conceded in 1292 secs
	ENG	532 secs	1 try conceded every 1114 secs	No tries conceded in 1262 secs	No tries conceded in 1012 secs
UAR	ARG	2050 secs	1 try conceded every 691 secs	1 try conceded every 233 secs	1 try conceded every 1622 secs
FFR	FRA	1167 secs	1 try conceded every 556 secs	1 try conceded every 1151 secs	1 try conceded every 180 secs
- Marianan Rucar UNION	NZL	940 secs	1 try conceded every 473 secs		
15°	AUS	830 secs	No tries conceded in 918 secs		
	SCO	519 secs	1 try conceded every 1207 secs		
<b>P</b> U <b>B</b> Control	FJI	307 secs	1 try conceded every 205 secs		
	IRE	677 secs			
٢	TON	425 secs			
	WAL	321 secs			
<b></b>	GEO	290 secs			
۲	SAM	283 secs			
Å	ITA	269 secs			
	CAN	248 secs			
RUCEY	USA	216 secs			
ROMANIA	ROM	190 secs			
	NAM	175 secs			
	POR	166 secs			
A COLOR	JAP	150 secs			

#### Rate of try conceding per team per Round

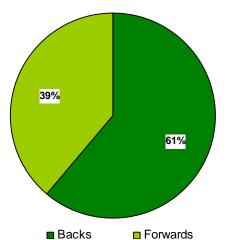
Again, the figures show that at the knockout stages, South Africa was the most effective team in preventing their opponents from turning possession into tries.



## PLAYERS AND TRIES

It has been noted above that there were 296 tries scored in the 48 matches:

182 tries were scored by Backs114 tries were scored by Forwards



The breakdown between the 20 competing teams is shown below:

		Tries scor	ed by Backs and Forwa	rd per Team	
		Pool	Pool	Knockout	Knockout
40	DCA	Tries by backs	Tries by forwards	Tries by backs	Tries by forwards
3	RSA	18	6	6	3
	ENG	8	3	1	0
UAR	ARG	11	5	5	1
S	FRA	12	12	2	1
- Jan Ause Richt UNON	NZL	32	14	1	1
JS-	AUS	20	10	1	0
	FJI	6	8	2	0
	SCO	8	6	1	0
Ŵ	WAL	14	9		
٢	TON	4	5		
	IRE	5	4		
J	ITA	5	3		
	USA	3	4		
	JAP	4	3		
**	CAN	4	2		
Ś	GEO	3	2		
ROMANIA	ROM	0	5		
۲	SAM	4	1		
	POR	1	3		
100 - 200 -	NAM	2	1		
	Total	164	107	18	7

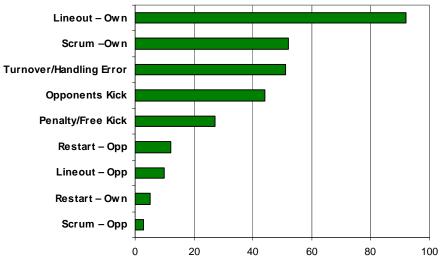


TRIES

### 1. SOURCE OF TRIES

There were 296 tries scored in RWC 2007.

The teams scoring the tries obtained possession of the ball prior to the scoring of the try from a variety of sources. This is shown in the following chart and table:



Analyses of matches played at international level, over several years, have shown that the most fruitful source of possession has consistently and clearly been the lineout – and this was maintained in RWC 2007.

	RWC 2007	RWC 2003
Lineout – Own	32%	26%
Scrum –Own	18%	27%
Turnover/Handling Error	17%	17%
<b>Opponents Kick</b>	15%	9%
Penalty/Free Kick	9%	9%
Restart – Opp	4%	5%
Lineout – Opp	3%	4%
Restart – Own	1%	1%
Scrum – Opp	1%	2%

In RWC 2003, however, the position looked to have changed – the scrum became the most common possession source of tries. The results however were distorted by 3 exceptional matches. <u>One quarter of all scrum tries came just from these 3 matches</u>. If these matches are excluded from the total of 48, the position changes – lineout possession would then have accounted for 28% of tries while scrum possession would have accounted for 23%, figures in line with expectations and previous analyses. RWC 2007 had no such anomalies and so lineout possession continues to account for most tries.



				e of Tries sc		Team		
		Tries Scored	Lineout Own & Opp	Scrum Own & opp	Pen/ Fk	Opp Kick	Turnover	Restart
	NZL	48	17	5	5	7	7	7
2	RSA	33	9	9	3	3	8	1
55-	AUS	31	15	4	1	6	5	0
FFR	FRA	27	7	11	1	4	2	2
UAR	ARG	23	5	4	3	6	5	0
en line	WAL	23	8	5	1	3	6	-
	FJI	16	3	4	0	2	3	4
	SCO	15	7	1	2	4	0	1
	ENG	12	2	2	3	4	1	0
۲	TON	9	3	4	-	-	1	1
	IRE	9	5	1	1	1	1	-
J	ITA	8	3	2	-	1	2	-
	JAP	7	3	-	1	-	3	-
US: X	USA	7	2	2	2	-	1	-
**	CAN	6	2	1	1	1	1	-
۲	SAM	5	3	-	-	1	1	-
	ROM	5	4	-	-	1	-	-
S	GEO	5	1	-	1	-	3	-
<b>1</b>	NAM	3	1	-	-	-	1	1
	POR	4	2	-	2		-	-

The following table shows the breakdown between the 20 teams:



	Source of Tries conceded per Team							
		Tries conceded	Lineout	Scrum	Pen/ Fk	Kick	Turnover	Restart
JS-	AUS	4	3	1	-	-	-	-
	NZL	6	1	1	1	1	1	1
	IRE	7	1	3	-	-	1	2
UAR	ARG	8	2	1	-	1	4	-
	ENG	8	2	3	1	1	1	-
and the second	RSA	9	2	2	-	1	2	2
	SCO	9	2	2	1	2	2	-
$\bigcirc$	TON	10	1	2	3	2	1	1
S	FRA	11	3	-	2	1	5	-
- Contraction of the second se	WAL	13	1	3		2	5	2
<b>₩</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b>	ITA	14	6	-	2	5	1	-
<b>%</b>	GEO	15	7	3	1	2	2	-
۲	SAM	15	5	6	1	2	1	-
-	CAN	17	8	2	2	2	2	1
	USA	18	7	2	2	3	4	-
FLEED	FJI	21	10	5	-	2	4	-
ROMANIA	ROM	22	6	4	2	5	2	3
	POR	29	16	2	3	3	3	2
	JAP	30	11	5	2	5	7	-
100 - 200 -	NAM	30	8	8	4	6	3	1

The next table shows the source from which their opponents tries came:

### 2. ORIGIN OF TRIES

Tries originate from various parts of the pitch – this is illustrated below:





In RWC 2003, 1 in 4 tries originated from within the scoring team's own half. In RWC 2007, this increased to almost 1 in 3. What the table also shows is that there is a clear distinction between northern and southern hemisphere tier 1 teams. While Southern hemisphere teams show 1 in 3 tries from their own half, in the case of the northern hemisphere teams, this declined to 1 in 5.

				nes scoreu per		
		Tries Scored	Own Half	Halfway to 10m	10m to 22m	22m to Tryline
BUCH UNION	NZL	48	18	6	15	9
-	RSA	33	12	3	6	12
JS-	AUS	31	10	2	10	9
FFR	FRA	27	7	1	10	9
UAR	ARG	23	8	2	3	10
, W	WAL	23	5	1	5	12
	FJI	16	8	2	3	3
	SCO	15	3	-	9	3
	ENG	12	2	2	4	4
\$	IRE	9	2	0	2	5
٢	TON	9	2	1	3	3
<u>j</u>	ITA	8	1	0	2	5
RUCHY	USA	7	1	0	1	5
	JAP	7	2	1	0	4
	CAN	6	2	0	0	4
a state	SAM	5	2	0	2	1
ROMANEA	ROM	5	1	0	0	4
3	GEO	5	1	0	3	1
	POR	4	0	0	0	4
Service -	NAM	3	1	1	1	0

Origin of Tries scored per team

The following table provides the converse to the above ie. It shows – for each team – the origin of all tries conceded.



				ries conceded p	er team	
		Tries	<b>Opp Half</b>	Halfway to	10m to	22m to
		Conceded		10m	22m	Tryline
JS-	AUS	4	-	1	-	3
	NZL	6	3	-	1	2
	IRE	7	3	0	3	1
UAR	ARG	8	5	-	2	1
	ENG	8	3	-	3	2
and the	RSA	9	4	-	2	3
	SCO	9	2	1	2	4
٢	TON	10	4	0	2	4
FFR	FRA	11	7	2	-	2
-	WAL	13	7	1	3	2
×*•102 •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	ITA	14	5	1	5	3
S.	GEO	15	1	2	6	6
۲	SAM	15	2	1	6	6
**	CAN	17	3	3	1	10
RUCBY	USA	18	4	5	2	7
	FJI	21	6	-	3	2
ROMANIA	ROM	22	8	1	6	7
E	POR	29	5	2	12	10
	JAP	30	9	1	11	9
100 - C	NAM	30	7	1	9	13

Origin of Tries conceded per team

### 3. TRY LOCATIONS

The chart below indicates where across the goal-line tries were scored. It shows that:

15% were scored under the postsRW42% the left side of the posts, andRW43% on the right side of the posts.RWOverall position of tries scored (%)

RWC 2003 15% RWC 2003 48% RWC 2003 37%



071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 25 of 76



### 4. **BUILD-UP TO TRIES**

Possession of the ball that leads to tries is obtained from a number of sources – and they are listed above. More often than not, other actions – second phase, kicks and passes – then take place before the try is scored.

The first table below shows the number of rucks and mauls (2<sup>nd</sup> phase) that preceded each of the 296 tries scored in RWC 2007

	Number	%	Cumulative %
			Cumulative 76
0 R/Ms	84	28	28
1 R/Ms	95	32	60
2 R/Ms	45	15	75
3 R/Ms	24	8	83
4 R/Ms	19	6	89
5 R/Ms	12	4	93
6 R/Ms	5	2	95
7 R/Ms	3	1	96
8 R/Ms	0	-	96
9 R/Ms	3	1	97
10+ R/Ms	6	3	100
Total	296	100%	100%

Build Up to Tries - Ruck/M	Tauls
----------------------------	-------

The table shows that 83% of tries were preceded by 3 or fewer second phases (RWC 2003 - 83%)

The next table below shows the number of passes that preceded each of the 296 tries scored in the RWC 2007.

	Number	%	Cumulative %
0 pass	60	20	20
1 pass	31	10	30
2 passes	32	11	41
3 passes	42	14	55
4 passes	36	12	67
5 passes	24	8	75
6 passes	14	5	80
7 passes	20	7	87
8 passes	10	3	90
9 passes	4	1	91
10 passes	7	2	93
11+ passes	16	7	100
Total	296	100%	100%

#### **Build Up to Tries - Passes**

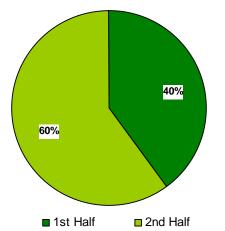
The table shows that 55% of tries were preceded by 3 or fewer passes. (RWC 2003 - 50%). This was not a figure that was seen consistently throughout all teams. In Romania's case, for example, 4 of their 5 tries did not contain a single pass. By contrast, all of Samoa's 5 tries contains 2 or more passes.



#### TIMING OF SCORES - TRIES

178 or 60% of tries were scored in the second half -118 or 40% in the first half.

The following table breaks down these figures further and shows the halves in which teams scored tries and the halves which they conceded tries.



Timing of Tries Scored and Conceded per Team						
		Tries scored 1st half	Tries scored 2 <sup>nd</sup> half	Tries conceded 1st half	Tries conceded 2 <sup>nd</sup> half	
e s	RSA	13	20	2	7	
	ENG	7	5	4	4	
UAR	ARG	9	14	4	4	
-STR	FRA	9	18	5	6	
- Contraction of the second	NZL	24	24	2	4	
10 ACA	AUS	12	19	1	3	
	FJI	7	9	6	15	
(C)	SCO	7	8	6	3	
Ŵ	WAL	5	18	9	4	
	TON	2	7	3	7	
-	IRE	5	4	2	5	
	ITA	4	4	7	7	
	JAP	2	5	8	22	
	USA	1	6	9	9	
**	CAN	2	4	5	12	
ROMANIA	ROM	1	4	11	10	
	SAM	4	1	4	11	
S.	GEO	1	4	4	11	
	POR	3	1	13	16	
100 - 100 -	NAM	0	3	13	17	

Only 4 of the 20 teams scored most of their tries in the first half – England, Ireland, Samoa and Portugal. The remaining teams apart from New Zealand and Italy's whose

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 27 of 76

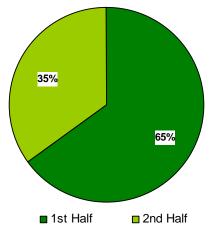


tries were equally spread between the 2 halves, scored most in the second half. Only 3 teams conceded most of their tries in the first half – Scotland, Wales and Romania.

#### TIMING OF SCORES - PENALTY GOALS

There is a noticeable difference between the time when tries are scored and the time when penalties are kicked.

In RWC 2007, 118 tries were scored in the first half – 178 in the second. Penalty goals however showed a different profile - 116 penalties were kicked in the first half - 62 in the second.



The following chart shows the number of penalties kicked by each team:

Penalty Goals kicked per Team per Round

		1 chuit			Kounu		Penalty Goals kicked per Team per Round							
		Total kicked	Pool	Pool match	Quarter final	Semi final	Final							
			matches	average										
2	RSA	21	11	2.75	2	3	5							
	ENG	17	9	2.35	4	2	2							
UAR	ARG	20	12	3.00	3	2	3							
FFR	FRA	18	12	3.00	2	3	1							
	FJI	10	8	2.00	2									
JS-	AUS	8	7	1.75	1									
	SCO	8	6	1.50	2									
- See Frances	NZL	5	3	0.75	2									
۲	SAM	12	12	3.00										
J	ITA	11	11	2.75										
۲	TON	10	10	2.50										
ROMANIA	ROM	3	9	2.25										
	JAP	7	7	1.75										
-	WAL	7	7	1.75	]									
	USA	6	6	1.50										
S.	GEO	5	5	1.25										
**	CAN	5	5	1.25										
e)	POR	3	3	0.75										
	NAM	2	2	0.50										
	IRE	2	2	0.50	j									



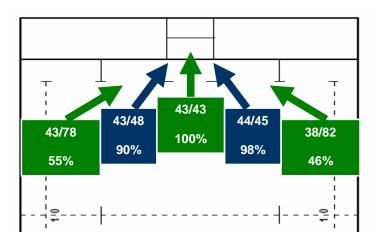
# **KICKS AT GOAL**

It has been noted many times in earlier reports that the success rates of kicks at goal have improved noticeably since the game went professional.

In the 5 decades since 1946, conversion rates were 50%, 61%, 55%, 54% and 47% which reflected a running average of 52/53%. These figures are now exceeded comfortably in all major rugby competitions with RWC99 showing a conversion success rate of almost 80%. This level of success was not quite maintained however in RWC 2007 where **71%** was achieved.

Kicking success rates were as follows:

	Kicking success rates			
Conversions	71%			
Penalty goals	72%			
Drop goals	17%			



Map of Conversion Success



The kicking success for <u>penalty goals</u>, <u>conversions and drop kicks</u> – of each of the participating countries was as follows:

		Kicks at Goal Success				
		Penalty success	Conversion success	Overall success %	Drop goal success	
1	NZL	5/6	36/48	76%	0/2	
STUNIOR	RSA	21/29	25/33	74%	0/6	
UAR	ARG	18/24	14/23	68%	4/19	
15°	AUS	8/13	20/31	64%	2/4	
	ENG	17/24	7/12	67%	5/15	
<b>3</b> )	SCO	8/9	15/15	96%	0/2	
Ê	FJI	10/13	12/16	76%	0/2	
S.	FRA	18/24	19/27	73%	0/5	
	POR	3/3	3/4	86%	1/4	
	SAM	12/14	4/5	84%	0/0	
Ò	TON	10/12	7/9	81%	0/4	
	JAP	7/7	4/7	79%	0/0	
Ū	ITA	11/15	6/8	74%	0/3	
saX.	USA	6/8	4/7	67%	0/1	
Ŵ	WAL	7/13	16/23	64%	0/0	
	CAN	5/6	3/6	67%	0/2	
	NAM	2/5	3/3	63%	1/4	
Ж,	GEO	5/11	5/5	63%	0/8	
	IRE	2/4	5/9	54%	1/1	
A.	ROM	3/8	3/5	46%	0/1	

Scotland had the most successful percentage, missing one kick out of 24.

Drop goals clearly caused a problem in RWC 2007. There were 14 successful drop goals from 83 attempts – a success rate of only 17%. At the knockout stage of the competition, there were 29 attempted drop goals – only 2 succeeded, 1 out of 8 by **England** and 1 out of 8 by **Argentina**. Of the 14 successful drop goal attempts in total, **England** accounted for 5 and **Argentina** 4. **France** attempted 5 drop goals – all in the knockout stage – none of which succeeded.



### **BALL IN PLAY**

In percentage terms, RWC 2007 matches produced an average ball in play time of 44% or 35 mins 12 secs

The highest Ball in play figure was

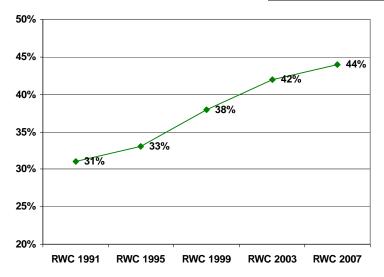
57% or 45 mins 34 secs (France v New Zealand)

The lowest Ball in play figure was

35% or 27 mins 52 secs (France v Namibia)

This represents an increase of 2% from the 42% seen in RWC 2003. Ball in play figures show noticeable increases since RWC 1991 as reflected in the table. It shows that in the 16 years R since RWC 1991, Ball in Play has R R increased by almost 42%. R

	Ball in Play Time (average)			
RWC 2007	44% or 35mins 12secs			
RWC 2003	42% or 33mins 35secs			
RWC 1999	38% or 30mins 43secs			
RWC 1995	33% or 26mins 43secs			
RWC 1991	31% or 24mins 48secs			





The following table shows the average possession time obtained by all teams in the pool stage, and the actual possession in each of the knockout games.

		POSS	session 1 ime per 16	eam per Kound	
		Pool stage	<b>Quarter final</b>	Semi final	<u>Final</u>
		Average			
60	DCA		17 : 06	15 : 22	17 . 01
3-5	RSA	15min 56s	17min 06s	15min 33s	17min 01s
-	ENC	20min 02a	15 min 19a	10min 11a	21min 22a
	ENG	20min 03s	15min 18s	19min 11s	21min 32s
-9424		20 1 12	20 . 07	16 1 22	4
UAR	ARG	20min 43s	20min 07s	16min 22s	15min 01s
ICCONTRACTOR					
~	FRA	19min 41s	15min 47s	21min 02s	27min 02s
FFR					
- Land	NZL	17min 24s	29min47s		
RUGBY UNION					
500	SCO	17min 24s	19m 00s		
SCOTTEN .					
1 Cha	AUS	17min 05s	18min 34s		
	FJI	16min 10s	17min 53		
(T)					
PULICAY	~			ļ	
***	CAN	19mins 28			
-THEFT	<b>GEO</b>	10 1 17			
" <i>"</i>	GEO	19mins 17			
	IDE	10 : 20			
100	IRE	18mins 20			
4.4-					
JA	ROM	18mins 10			
ROMANIA					
en lin	WAL	17mins 45			
WED					
#11.B2	ITA	17mins 30			
9		17111115 50			
Ser	JAP	17mins 05			
	0111				
HCA X	USA	17mins 01			
RUCBY					
<u></u>	TON	16mins 29			
$\checkmark$					
100	SAM	14mins 48			
	POR	14mins 37			
-	NAM	12mins 02			
- ALASA			l		

Possession Time per Team per Round

As a formula for winning, having the most possession is no guarantee of success. While the team with most possession won on 68% of occasion at the pool stage, this dropped to 13% or 1 in 8 in the knockout stage. It was the same with passes and rucks. At the pool stage, the team that passed the most won on 75% of occasions and the teams that rucked the most on 53%. At the knockout stage however it was down to 13% and 25% or 1 in 8 and 2 in 8.

The difference between top and bottom is considerable. On average, **Argentina** obtained over 70% more possession than **Namibia** and over 40% more than **Portugal**.



# **ACTIVITY CYCLES**

Activity cycles comprises

- ruck/mauls, passes, and kicks.

The following paragraphs show the number of rucks/mauls, passes and kicks made in RWC 2007 compared with RWC 2003.

	RWC 2007	RWC 2003
<b>Rucks/Mauls</b>	144	144
Passes	224	241
Kicks	56	52

### PASSING

Games, on average, contained 224 passes (RWC 2003 - 241).

The most in any game was **307** (Wales v Japan) – the fewest was **143** (Scotland v Italy). The most <u>by any team</u> in a game was **201** – the fewest, **29**.

The following table shows the average passes per game in the pool stage and the actual passes made in the knockout stage.

		<u>Pool stage</u> <u>Average</u>	<u>Quarter final</u>	<u>Semi final</u>	<u>Final</u>
-	RSA	125	93	74	76
	ENG	127	108	103	128
UAR	ARG	129	102	83	84
S.	FRA	147	67	128	175
	NZL	159	190		
	SCO	116	135		
	FJI	110	128		
15°	AUS	139	124		
Ŵ	WAL	153			
J	ITA	126			
	IRE	121			
۲	SAM	111			
	JAP	108			
USA	USA	97			
-	CAN	88			
ROMANIA	ROM	87			
	TON	85			
Ś	GEO	77			
	POR	77			
	NAM	52			

#### Passing per Team per Round



Again, there were noticeable differences between the 20 teams with leading passing team - New Zealand - averaging over 100 more per game than Namibia. When an adjustment is made to take account of possession obtained, by each team, then the table changes. This time it shows the average number of passes per minute's possession:

		<u>Pool stage</u>	<u>Quarter final</u>	<u>Semi final</u>	<u>Final</u>
<b>~</b> >	-	<u>Average</u>			
Jan Barris	RSA	7.8	5.4	4.8	4.5
<b>\$</b>	ENG	6.3	7.1	5.4	5.9
UAR	ARG	6.2	5.1	5.1	5.6
FFR	FRA	7.5	4.2	6.1	6.5
	SCO	6.7	7.1		
	FJI	6.8	7.1		
15-	AUS	8.0	6.7		
NUCHT UNION	NZL	9.1	6.4		
	WAL	8.6			
	SAM	7.5			
J	ITA	7.2			
\$	IRE	6.6			
	JAP	6.3			
	USA	5.7			
<b>(</b> )	POR	5.3			
٢	TON	5.1			
	ROM	4.8			
**	CAN	4.5			
-260-	NAM	4.3			
S.	GEO	4.0			

Rate of Passing per Team per Round

Under this method of calculation, when passing is related to possession, then **New Zealand**, for example, made only 21% more passes than **Samoa** and not 43% as shown in the earlier table.

### PASSING MOVEMENTS

Passes are grouped into passing movements - i.e. one pass movement, two pass movements and so on. The data shows that some 83% of all passing movements contained two passes or less. This now appears to be a constant and varies little from year to year.



Total passes made in the tournament were broken down into 3:

- Passes made by backs
- Passes made by forwards
- Passes made by the scrum half

When the 10,000+ passes made in RWC		RWC 2007
2007 were allocated into these 3 groups,	Passing % by backs	37%
	Passing % by scrum half	44%
the results were as follows:	Passing % by forwards	19%
		100%

The percentages for each country in each of the categories are shown below:

	-	•				
		% by forwards	% by Scrum half	% by backs		
- Maria	WAL	30%	34%	36%		
- And Party of Control	NZL	27%	35%	38%		
13°	AUS	25%	44%	31%		
AN AN	ROM	25%	47%	28%		
9	RSA	24%	42%	34%		
0	TON	24%	40%	36%		
	JAP	20%	47%	33%		
UAR	ARG	18%	50%	32%		
	ENG	18%	46%	36%		
	SCO	18%	45%	37%		
	NAM	17%	49%	34%		
۲	SAM	16%	39%	45%		
USA	USA	16%	45%	39%		
J	ITA	16%	43%	41%		
	POR	15%	51%	34%		
FFR	FRA	14%	42%	44%		
٢	GEO	14%	56%	30%		
<b>N</b>	CAN	14%	51%	35%		
	FJI	12%	44%	44%		
	IRE	11%	49%	40%		

### Passing % by Forwards/Scrum Half/Backs per Team



Not all countries had a similar profile. The percentage of passes made by forwards varied between 11% and 30%. The previous table shows that there are distinctly different strategic approaches when it comes to passing. Where certain teams use forwards more as suppliers of the ball for onward transmission by the backs, other teams involve the forwards themselves in the distribution process. **Wales** and **New Zealand** continue to be the most noticeable proponents of the latter process with **Ireland** and **Fiji** favouring the former.

The following tables show what each rank of forwards of each team did with the ball when they were in possession of it. The first table shows the number of times each countries' forwards had the ball in their hands and then notes the number of times they passed it. This is then expressed as a ratio so that if a team's forwards passed, the ball 20 times having received it 100 times, the ratio would be expressed as 1 to 5 - ie 1 pass for every 5 possessions. Again, the table shows major differences between the countries.

		Pool stage	<u>Quarter final</u>	<u>Semi final</u>	<u>Final</u>
		<u>Average</u>			
-	RSA	1 pass for every 2.3	1 pass for every	1 pass for every	1 pass for every
A PROPERTY.		possessions	3.5 possessions	2.1 possessions	4.1 possessions
	ENG	3.1	1 pass for every	1 pass for every	1 pass for every
-94.5	~		3.2 possessions	3.8 possessions	2.6 possessions
UAR	ARG	3.6	1 pass for every	1 pass for every	1 pass for every
			5.1 possessions	2.8 possessions	3.6 possessions
FFR	FRA	3.3	1 pass for every	1 pass for every	1 pass for every
FFR			4.3 possessions	4.2 possessions	3.1 possessions
SS-	AUS	2.3	1 pass for every		
	N/77		2.6 possessions		
- Anno	NZL	2.2	1 pass for every		
RUGHYUNION	000		3.1 possessions		
	SCO	3.2	1 pass for every		
		1.5	2.9 possessions		
Ì	FJI	4.5	1 pass for every		
PLINERY	<b>XX7 A T</b>	1.0	3.9 possessions		
al was	WAL	1.9			
-	SAM	2.6			
۱	SAN	2.0			
S.	JAP	2.8			
J	ITA	3.0			
ā	TON	3.1			
Ŵ	1011	5.1			
N	ROM	3.8			
ROMANIA					
USA	USA	4.0			
RUGBY	NAM	4.0			
-96-					
de.	IRE	4.5			
	DOD	16			
	POR	4.6			
**	CAN	6.6			
2	GEO	7.2			
J.	GLU	1.2			

#### Ratio of Passes to Possession - by Forwards per Team per Round



This difference between the forwards of each country is even more graphically illustrated when the forwards are broken down into the 3 groups of (a) front row, (b) second row and (c) back row. This time the relationship between passes and possession is expressed in percentage terms, so that if a group of forwards received the ball 20 times and passed it 6 times, it means they passed it on 30% of occasions.

Again, there are major contrasts. In the pool stage for example, while **Fiji's** front row passed the ball on only 19% of occasions – **South Africa's** passed it on 45%.

		Pool stage	Quarter final	<u>Semi final</u>	<u>Final</u>
		<u>Average</u>			
-	RSA	45%	33%	63%	21%
	ENG	25%	28%	14%	14%
UAR	ARG	22%	19%	32%	8%
	FRA	21%	11%	14%	50%
	NZL	44%	31%		
	FJI	19%	20%		
	SCO	34%	19%		
13°	AUS	43%	18%		
- Maria Salara Salar	WAL	52%			
	JAP	40%			
Ø	TON	38%			
۲	SAM	36%			
	IRE	25%			
J	ITA	22%			
ROMANIA	ROM	20%			
S.	GEO	15%			
	USA	13%			
-200-	NAM	11%			
	POR	11%			
***	CAN	8%			

#### Passing % by Front Row players per Team per Round



It was not the same as far as the second rows were concerned. For this category, the passes made by **Fiji's** second row were now much closer to **South Africa**. There were still however substantial differences between the teams – with **Georgia's** 7% rate contrasting with **England's** 44%.

		<u>Pool stage</u> <u>Average</u>	<u>Quarter final</u>	<u>Semi final</u>	<u>Final</u>
2	RSA	36%	31%	57%	25%
	ENG	44%	36%	29%	33%
UAR	ARG	13%	19%	25%	44%
	FRA	29%	38%	23%	18%
550	AUS	35%	53%		
S	SCO	31%	38%		
	NZL	38%	30%		
	FJI	23%	28%		
USAX	USA	43%			
S. S	WAL	43%			
۲	SAM	39%			
ROMANIA	ROM	35%			
J	ITA	34%			
	POR	31%			
٢	TON	27%			
100 M	NAM	25%			
	IRE	19%			
	JAP	17%			
-	CAN	15%			
S.	GEO	7%			

#### Passing % by Second Row players per Team per Round



The final category is the back row where again **Wales** is once again the highest passing group with **Ireland** of the tier 1 countries, being the least likely to pass.

		Pool stage	Quarter final	Semi final	<u>Final</u>
		Average			
and the second	RSA	47%	27%	40%	26%
	ENG	33%	32%	33%	54%
UAR	ARG	48&	21%	45%	31%
FFR	FRA	37%	8%	30%	28%
RUCHT UNION	NZL	49%	32%		
15°	AUS	35%	42%		
	SCO	31%	43%		
	FJI	24%	28%		
S.	GEO	17%			
-964-	NAM	29%			
- Weiner	WAL	58%			
٢	TON	30%			
۲	SAM	39%			
RUCEY	USA	26%			
	JAP	41%			
ROMANIA	ROM	26%			
Q	ITA	39%			
-	CAN	22%			
	POR	23%	ļ		
Sec.	IRE	22%			

#### Passing % by Back Row players per Team per Round

## RUCKS/MAULS (2<sup>ND</sup> PHASE)

The average number per game was 144. (RWC 2003 - 136)The most in any game was 205 – the fewest was over 100 less at 88 The most <u>by any team</u> in a game was 165 – the least, 21.

There was a noticeable difference between the 20 teams. **England** for example created substantially more rucks/mauls than **South Africa**.

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 39 of 76



The average for all countries is shown below:

		<u>Pool stage</u> <u>Average</u>	<u>Quarter final</u>	<u>Semi final</u>	<u>Final</u>
2	RSA	58	59	45	69
	ENG	83	70	84	73
UAR	ARG	86	83	55	47
	FRA	75	40	80	91
ELCHARDON BUCK	NZL	74	165		
	FJI	71	83		
15°	AUS	72	77		
(C)	SCO	74	76		
*	CAN	96			
S.	GEO	87			
AN AN	ROM	83			
	IRE	73			
	JAP	72			
	USA	70			
Ŵ	WAL	68			
J	ITA	65			
Ö	TON	63			
	POR	60			
	SAM	52			
	NAM	46			

#### Ruck/Mauls per Team per Round

The above table indicates the total number of rucks/mauls created by each team in the competition expressed as average per game. On a game by game basis therefore it shows that **Canada, Argentina** and **England** rucked and mauled the most, although the highest in any game was by **New Zealand**, whose 165 in the quarter final is likely to be an international record.

This does not mean however that they were necessarily the top ruck/mauling teams. Another method of evaluation is to relate the number of ruck/mauls to the amount of possession the team obtained. As an illustration of this – if a team has 25% possession and creates 40 second phases, it has, nevertheless, rucked and mauled at a higher rate than its opponents who rucked and mauled 60 times with 75% of possession.



This is reflected in the following table which relates the number of rucks/mauls to the team's percentage of possession. The figures reflect the number of rucks/mauls per minute possession.

		Pool stage	Quarter final	<u>Semi final</u>	<u>Final</u>
		Average			
Z	RSA	3.6	3.5	2.9	4.1
	ENG	4.1	4.6	4.4	3.4
UAR	ARG	4.2	4.1	3.4	3.1
FFR	FRA	3.8	2.5	3.8	3.4
- AND FRANK	NZL	4.2	5.5		
	FJI	4.4	4.6		
JS-	AUS	4.1	4.1		
	SCO	4.2	4.0		
**	CAN	4.9			
ROMANIA	ROM	4.6			
S.	GEO	4.5			
	JAP	4.2			
	USA	4.1			
	POR	4.1			
	IRE	4.0			
Ŵ	WAL	3.8			
٢	TON	3.8			
	NAM	3.8			
à	ITA	3.7			
۲	SAM	3.5			

#### Rate of Rucks/Mauls per Team per Round



## **BREAKDOWN RETENTION**

At the breakdown the team taking in the ball retained possession by either winning the ball or being awarded a penalty on 92% of occasions.

The percentage success rate for each team was very similar and was as follows:

		Pool stage	<b>Quarter final</b>	Semi final	<b>Final</b>
		Average			
2	RSA	92%	93%	78%	91%
	ENG	92%	93%	94%	93%
UAR	ARG	95%	98%	85%	98%
FFR	FRA	93%	85%	93%	91%
FIR RUCHT LANK	NZL	92%	96%		
Ŕ	FJI	94%	95%		
J.S.	AUS	94%	90%		
	SCO	90%	88%		
٢	TON	97%			
Ľ	GEO	93%			
**	CAN	93%			
- Maria Salaria (Maria Salaria S	WAL	92%			
J	ITA	92%			
	JAP	91%			
<b>(</b> )	POR	91%			
	IRE	91%			
RUGBY	USA	90%			
ROMANIA	ROM	90%			
	SAM	87%			
-200-	NAM	87%			

#### Ruck/Maul Retention % per Team per Round

The table shows that the retention rate at the breakdown was high for all teams – the least successful team was **Namibia**, who had a retention rate of 87%.



## KICKING

The average number per game was **56.** (*RWC 2003 – 52*) The most open play kicks in a game was **91** - the fewest **32** The most by a team was **48** – the least **12** 

There were noticeable differences between the 20 participating teams as shown in the table below:

		Pool stage	Quarter final	Semi final	<u>Final</u>
		Average			
3 A	RSA	27	27	48	47
	ENG	31	30	39	44
UAR	ARG	34	38	38	39
FFR	FRA	28	40	46	27
- Anne Parase	NZL	19	38		
	SCO	25	29		
15°	AUS	25	25		
	FJI	23	19		
Ų	ITA	33			
S.	GEO	31			
	IRE	31			
	POR	28			
ROMANIA	ROM	26			
٢	TON	26			
**	CAN	26			
	JAP	25			
-	NAM	24			
۲	SAM	23			
Ŵ	WAL	22			
USA K	USA	21			

#### Kicks per Team per Round



When an adjustment is made to take account of possession obtained, by each team, then the kicking table changes. This time it shows the average number of kicks per minute's possession:

		Pool stage	<b>Quarter final</b>	Semi final	<u>Final</u>
		<u>Average</u>			
and the second	RSA	1.7	1.6	3.1	2.8
	ENG	1.5	2.0	2.0	2.0
UAR	ARG	1.6	1.9	2.3	2.6
FFR	FRA	1.4	2.5	2.2	1.0
	SCO	1.4	1.5		
JS-	AUS	1.4	1.3		
	NZL	1.1	1.3		
	FJI	1.4	1.1		
	NAM	2.0			
J	ITA	1.9			
	POR	1.9			
\$	IRE	1.7			
۲	SAM	1.6			
۲	TON	1.6			
S.	GEO	1.6			
ROMANIA	ROM	1.5			
-	CAN	1.4			
	JAP	1.4			
	WAL	1.3			
	USA	1.2			

#### **Rate of Kicking**



### SUMMARY

The above paragraphs on ruck/mauls, passes and kicks reflect the tournament averages based on all 48 matches. What has become clear however is that such activity cycles were <u>not</u> the same throughout the tournament. At the knock out stage, there were noticeably more kicks than at the pool stages, the average per game going from 56 to 72. Passes and Rucks/mauls remained similar.

A summary of previous tables is shown below – it shows the average number of rucks, passes, and kicks per game and the rate for each per minute possession.

		Rucks/Mauls		Passes		Kicks	
		Average	Rate	Average	Rate	Average	Rate
-	RSA	58	3.6	106	6.6	33	2.0
	ENG	80	4.1	121	6.2	34	1.7
UAR	ARG	76	3.9	112	5.8	36	1.9
FFR	FRA	73	3.6	137	6.7	32	1.6
- Care Interes	NZL	92	4.5	165	8.6	23	1.1
	SCO	74	4.2	120	6.8	26	1.4
	FJI	73	4.4	114	6.9	22	1.3
JS-	AUS	73	4.1	136	7.7	25	1.4
-	CAN	96	4.9	88	4.5	26	1.4
٢	GEO	87	4.5	77	4.0	31	1.6
ROMANEA ROMANEA	ROM	83	4.6	87	4.8	26	1.5
\$	IRE	73	4.0	121	6.6	31	1.7
	JAP	72	4.2	108	6.3	25	1.4
USA X	USA	70	4.1	97	5.7	21	1.2
, and a second s	WAL	68	3.8	153	8.6	22	1.3
J	ITA	65	3.7	126	7.2	33	1.9
Ø	TON	63	3.8	85	5.1	26	1.6
	POR	60	4.1	77	5.3	28	1.9
۲	SAM	52	3.5	111	7.5	23	1.6
100 C	NAM	46	3.8	52	4.3	24	2.0

Activity Cycle Summary Average per game and Rate per minute possession



## RESTARTS

Of 50m restarts, 53% were kicked long - 47% were kicked short and were contestable.

When 50m restarts were kicked short, the kicking team regained possession on 1 in 4 occasions.

Success rate and restart type varied between the 20 teams. The most effective teams in retaining short restarts are shown below.

The table shows the type of restart kicked by each team at 50m and retention rates of short 50m restarts.

		50m Re	estarts	% of 5	0m Restarts	Retention rate
		long	short	long	short	short
	NZL	11	4	73%	27%	1 in 1.3
3	RSA	20	5	80%	20%	0 in 5
UAR	ARG	6	20	23%	77%	1 in 2.0
JS-	AUS	11	6	65%	35%	1 in 3.0
	ENG	14	21	40%	60%	1 in 4.2
	SCO	14	10	58%	42%	1 in 2.5
	FJI	17	20	46%	54%	1 in 4.0
S	FRA	2	27	7%	93%	1 in 6.8
S.	GEO	12	11	52%	48%	1 in 5.5
	NAM	22	16	58%	42%	1 in 8.0
	WAL	13	11	54%	46%	1 in 11.0
۲	TON	18	8	69%	31%	1 in 2.7
۲	SAM	19	12	61%	39%	1 in 4.0
USAX	USA	12	17	41%	59%	1 in 2.4
	JAP	25	11	69%	31%	1 in 6.5
ROMANEA	ROM	13	16	45%	55%	1 in 8.0
U V	ITA	14	13	52%	48%	1 in 13
-	CAN	16	8	67%	33%	1 in 8.0
	POR	20	14	59%	41%	1 in 2.0
÷.	IRE	14	8	64%	36%	1 in 8.0



## LINEOUTS

The most line outs in a game was 45 -the least 21.

The Lineout success on own throw and opposition throw are shown below:

Average no per game Percentage competed Possession retained Pens/f/k per game

RWC 2007
31
62%
80%
10

		Su	ccess %	Line	eout Steals	Not straight / Pen/FK / Knock-on		
		Own Throw	Opposition Throw	Own Throw	Opposition Throw	Own Throw	Opposition Throw	
- Mariana	NZL	93%	31%	3	11	2	5	
-	RSA	89%	32%	7	29	3	11	
UAR	ARG	82%	13%	7	15	3	1	
(Stor	AUS	92%	35%	2	20	3	8	
	ENG	80%	17%	16	13	7	6	
	SCO	88%	25%	7	18	3	3	
	FJI	69%	11%	17	17 7		1	
Ś	FRA	86%	21%	14	17	3	2	
Ś	GEO	73%	17%	12	11	5	1	
	NAM	71%	15%	16	6	1	4	
- Alexandre	WAL	89%	11%	4 3		3	2	
Ø	TON	83%	16%	7	4	2	6	
	SAM	71%	23%	15	6	4	5	
USAX	USA	66%	21%	11 10		10	2	
<b>A</b>	JAP	85%	17%	9	7	1	4	
ANT -	ROM	82%	19%	11	11	2	2	
	ITA	86%	18%	9	9	1	4	
*	CAN	71%	19%	13	9	7	4	
	POR	61%	7%	19	5	5	1	
	IRE	81%	16%	10	7	3	0	

#### Lineout Success (Own Throw and Opposition Throw)

Most teams had high success rates on their own throw. Canada, Samoa and Namibia were the least successful on 71% and New Zealand were the most successful on 93%. South Africa were particularly successful at stealing opposition lineouts.



## SCRUMS

The most scrums in a game was 35 – the least 12

The Scrum success on own feed and opposition feed are shown below:

	RWC 2007
Average no per game	19
<b>Possession retained</b>	89%
Pens/f/k per game	125

#### Scrum Success (Own feed and Opposition feed)

		Scrum Success %			
		Own Feed	Opposition Feed		
	NZL	93%	6%		
2	RSA	92%	8%		
UAR	ARG	95%	13%		
JS-	AUS	86%	14%		
	ENG	94%	15%		
(G)	SCO	84%	4%		
	FJI	76%	0%		
Š	FRA	94%	18%		
<b>%</b>	GEO	89%	15%		
	NAM	73%	3%		
S.	WAL	92%	30%		
Ö	TON	92%	9%		
	SAM	76%	7%		
USA	USA	91%	11%		
	JAP	87%	9%		
ANT -	ROM	91%	18%		
	ITA	97%	19%		
*	CAN	93%	12%		
	POR	85%	12%		
	IRE	89%	15%		

Again, ball retention was relatively high for all teams, the lowest success rate being around 75% in the case of Namibia, Samoa and Fiji. There were 8 free kicks for crooked feed in RWC 2007



## PENALTIES

In RWC 2007, the average number of penalties and free kicks awarded in a game was **19**. This is 5 less than the 24 in RWC 2003. Games in general saw a lower incidence of penalties with 42 matches out of 48 showing penalty counts less than the 2003 average.

The most awarded in a single game was 28 – the least, 11.

The following table comprises the total penalties awarded to and conceded by each team. However, because the number of penalties can vary from match to match, a better measure is the **proportion** of penalties conceded by a team in all their matches compared with their opponents. This shows that Wales and France were the least penalised team in relation to their opponents.

		Total Matches	Pen/FK For	Pen/FK Against	% Pen/FK For	% Pen/FK Against
and the	RSA	7	69	61	53%	47%
	ENG	7	59	62	49%	51%
UAR	ARG	7	66	65 50%		50%
FFR	FRA	7	76	49	61%	39%
	NZL	5	40	35	53%	47%
	SCO	5	51	52	50%	50%
	FJI	5	40	59	40%	60%
	AUS	5	35	52	40%	60%
	WAL	4	51	31	62%	38%
	JAP	4	44	32	58%	42%
\$	IRE	4	44	38	54%	46%
	USA	4	47	40	54%	46%
J	ITA	4	44	38	54%	46%
۲	TON	4	42	39	52%	48%
-	CAN	4	41	43	49%	51%
S.	GEO	4	37	42	47%	53%
ROMANIA	ROM	4	36	40	47%	53%
	POR	4	34	45	43%	57%
۲	SAM	4	34	48	41%	59%
	NAM	4	29	48	38%	62%

#### Average and proportion of Penalties For and Against per Team



## **CATEGORIES OF OFFENCES PENALISED**

The following table groups the penalties awarded into 10 categories – these are as follows:

% of Offence	es Penalised
Ruck/tackle on ground	40%
offside	22%
Scrum	12%
lineout	4%
Plus 10	1%
Foul play	3%
obstruction	5%
Dangerous tackle	8%
Maul	3%
other	2%
	100%

The above figures are similar to those seen currently in matches at international level.

Of all penalties awarded, 69% went in favour of the attacking team and 31% went in favour of the defending team.

## **CARDS – YELLOW & RED**

The following paragraphs examine the circumstances and effects of the issue of red and yellow cards during RWC 2007

#### **RED CARDS**

There was 2 red cards issued during RWC 2007 – one against Namibia; one against Tonga

#### YELLOW CARDS

There were **35** yellow cards issued during RWC 2007, with **13** issued to backs and **22** issued to forwards.

Of the 48 matches, there were 22 which contained at least one yellow card, meaning 26 (or 54%) of all matches did not contain a single yellow card. The most yellow cards in one match was 3 – this happened on 2 occasions (**England v USA** and **France v Argentina – Bronze Final**)



Yellow Card Offences	RWC 2007
Foul play	9
Dangerous Tackle	11
Ruck/Tackle – Hands in Ruck	3
Ruck/Tackle – Incorrect joining	1
Ruck/Tackle – Preventing Release	7
Not 10m	1
Maul collapse	1
Obstruction	2

**Reason for Cards** 

<b>Red Card Offences</b>	RWC 2007
Foul Play	1
Dangerous Tackle	1

The following table shows the breakdown of yellow and red cards per team: Yellow and Red Cards per Team per Round

		Pool s	<u>tage</u>	<u>Quarter</u>	<u>final</u>	<u>Semi f</u>	<u>ïnal</u>	<u>Fin</u>	al
		Yellow	Red	Yellow	Red	Yellow	Red	Yellow	Red
23	RSA	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
<b>\$</b>	ENG	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
UAR	ARG	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-
	FRA	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
J.S.	AUS	2	-	-	-				
	FJI	2	-	1	-				
	NZL	1	-	1	-				
	SCO	1	-	-	-				
٢	TON	3	1			,			
USA	USA	4	-						
J	ITA	3	-						
	IRE	2	-						
۲	SAM	1	-						
S.	GEO	2	-						
1000 - 2000	NAM	-	1						
ROMANIA	ROM	1	-						
-	CAN	1	-						
	POR	1	-						
	WAL	-	-						
	JAP	-	-						



## **SUBSTITUTIONS**

In the 48 matches, there were 546 replacements at the pool stage and 99 at the knockout stage, which includes all forms of replacements.

This gave an average of just over 13 replacements per game.

**Timing of Replacements** 

	RWC 2007
0 – 10 mins	6
11 – 20 mins	10
21 – 30 mins	20
31 – 40 mins	39
41 – 50 mins	79
51 – 60 mins	182
61 – 70 mins	202
71 – 80 mins	105
<b>80+ mins</b>	2
Total	645

## **TELEVISION MATCH OFFICAL (TMO)**

In RWC 2007, there were 57 references to the TMO.

As a result of the 57 references, 33 tries were awarded.



## ARGENTINA

			матси р	FCIIT	Q			
	Pool			MATCH RESULTS France Won			17 – 12	
	Pool		Georgia			Won		$\frac{17 - 12}{33 - 3}$
	Pool		Namibia		Won		$\frac{33-3}{63-3}$	
	Pool		Ireland		Won		$\frac{03-3}{15-30}$	
Oug	rter Final		Scotland			Won		13 - 30 19 - 13
	mi Final		South Afri	-		Lost		37 - 13
	nze Final		France			Won		34 - 10
DIG	hize Fillar		France			won		54-10
			TIME OF	SCORE	S			
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half			2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	lf	Total
Tri	es scored		9			14		23
	s conceded		4			4		8
Co	nversions							14 of 23
Pen	alty Goals							18 of 24
Dr	op Goals							4 of 19
			E OF TRY SCOR	RING/C	ONCEDI			
Rate of tr		•	every 350 secs		VC RATE		every 309s	
Rate of try			every 975 secs	RV	VC RATE		every 309s	
	SSION SOUR	CE OF	7			POSSI		OURCE OF
	OWN TRIES			OPP TRIES			IES	
	5		Lineout			2		
	4		Scrum 1					
	3			Penalty/ Free kick -				
	6		Kick receipt1Turnover4					
	5		Turn	over 4				
			ACTIV	ЛТV				
	AVERAGE	RV	WC AVERAGE -		RAT	Ъ	RWC R	ATE - POOL
Rucks	76		71	1001	per min			per min
Passes	112		112		per min		6.4 per min	
Kicks	36		26					per min
					1			
			PLAYER I	PASSIN	G			
			%			RW	C RATE -	
	s made by for		18%		19%			
	made by scru						44%	
% of passes	s made by for	wards	32%				37%	
	2		SCRU		c =-			
Total Ow		58	Success		95%			ATE - POOL
Total Op	p Scrums	72	Success	/0	13%	12	%	
			LINE	UTC				
Total Own						20	W RWC P	ATE - POOL
	Total Own Lineouts104Total Opp Lineouts119				82% 13%	20		TE-FOOL
		119	Success	/0	13 /0	20	70	
			PENAI	TIES				
	Penalties	s For				60	6	
	Penalties A		į			65		
	Total Cards					3		
Total Calus Awalueu 5								

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 53 of 76



## AUSTRALIA

			MATCH F	RESULTS	S					
	Pool		Japan			Won		<u>91 - 3</u>		
	Pool		Wales			Won		32 - 20		
	Pool		Fiji			Won		55 - 12		
	Pool		Canada			Won		37 - 6		
Qua	rter Final		England	ł		Lost		10 - 12		
			TIME OF	SCODE	a					
		1	1 <sup>st</sup> Half	SCORE:	5	2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	f	Total		
	es scored		<u>1 Han</u> 12			<u>2 Hai</u> 19	1	31		
	s conceded		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
	nversions					5		4 20 of 31		
	alty Goals							8 of 13		
	op Goals							2 of 4		
DI	op Gouis				1			2 01 1		
		RATE	OF TRY SCO	RING/CO	ONCEDI	NG				
Rate of tr	y scoring		every 172 secs				every 309s	secs		
Rate of try			every 1059secs	RW	VC RATI	E 1 try	every 309s	secs		
POSSES	SION SOUR				POSSI	ESSION S	OURCE OF			
	OWN TRIES						OPP TR	IES		
	15		Lin	eout	OPP TRIES 3					
	4			um						
	1		Penalty/		κ.		-			
	6		receipt			-				
	5		Turr	nover			-			
			ACTI	VITV						
	AVERAGE	RW	VC AVERAGE -		RA	TF	RWCR	ATE - POOL		
Rucks	73	IX V	71	TOOL		min		per min		
Passes	136		112			min		per min		
Kicks	25		26		-	min		per min		
			PLAYER ]	PASSIN(	r t					
			%				C RATE			
	s made by forv		25%				19%			
	made by scru						44%			
% of passes	s made by forv	wards	31%				37%			
			COD							
Tetal O	n Commercia	42	SCRU		070/	00		TE DOOL		
Total Own		<u>42</u> 49	Success		86%			ATE - POOL		
Total Opp Scrums     49     Success%     14%     12%										
LINEOUTS										
Total Own	Lineouts	64	Success	1	92%	80	%RWC R/	ATE - POOL		
Total Opp		79	Success		35%		%			
			PENAI	LTIES						
	Penalties	For				35	5			
	Penalties Against					52				
	<b>Total Cards</b> A	Award	ed			2				

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 54 of 76





			MATCH F	DECIII T	c					
	Pool	T	Wales		5	Lost		17 - 42		
	Pool		<u> </u>			Lost		17 - 42 16 - 29		
	Pool		Japan			Drew		10 - 29		
	Pool		Australi			Lost		6 - 37		
	1 001		Austran	a		Lost		0-37		
			TIME OF		S					
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half			2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	f	Total		
	es scored		2			4		6		
	s conceded		5			12		17		
	nversions							3 of 6		
	alty Goals							5 of 6		
Dr	op Goals							0 of 2		
RATE OF TRY SCORING/CONCEDING										
Rate of tr			every 779 secs				every 309s			
Rate of try			every 248 secs	RV	VC RATI		every 309s			
POSSESSION SOURCE OF POSSESSION SOURCE										
	OWN TRIES						OPP TRIES			
	2			eout			OPP TRIES 8 2			
	1			um						
	1		Penalty/		ζ.	2				
1				receipt			3 2			
	1		Turr	nover			2			
			ACTI	VITY						
	AVERAGE	RW	VC AVERAGE -	POOL	RA	TE	RWC RA	ATE - POOL		
Rucks	96		71			r min	4.1	per min		
Passes	88		112			r min		per min		
Kicks	26		26		1.4 pe	r min	1.5	per min		
			PLAYER 1	PASSIN	<b>T</b>					
			%		]	RWC RA	TE - POO	L%		
	s made by for		14%				19%			
% of pass	ses made by so half	crum	51%				44%			
% of passes	s made by for	wards	35%				37%			
			SCRU	IMS						
Total Ow	n Scrums	46	SUCCESS		93%	88	%RWC R	ATE - POOL		
Total Op		41	Success		12%					
Tetal	I in co4-	(0	LINE		710/			ATE DOOL		
Total Owr		<u>68</u>	Success		71%			ATE - POOL		
Total Opp	Lineouts	69	Success	70	19%	20	70			
			PENAI	LTIES						
	Penalties	For				41				
	Penalties A					43				
	Total Cards				0 -		– yellow			
I	Total Cards Avanded 0 Ted 1 Jenow									

Page 55 of 76



## ENGLAND

			-	95						
			MATCH R	RESULTS	5					
	Pool		USA			Won		28 - 10		
	Pool		South Afr	ica		Lost		0 - 36		
	Pool		Samoa			Won		44 - 22		
	Pool		Tonga			Won		36 - 20		
Oua	rter Final		Australi	a		Won		12 - 10		
	mi Final		France			Won		14 – 9		
Cı	up Final		South Afr	ica		Lost		6 - 15		
	·	ľ		CODE	,					
		1	TIME OF			and II	10			
	_		1 <sup>st</sup> Half 7			2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	lf	Total		
	Tries scored					5		12		
	s conceded		4			4		8		
	nversions				-			7 of 12		
	alty Goals							17 of 24		
Dr	op Goals							5 of 15		
		DAT			MODIN					
Data of tw	u accuin a		E OF TRY SCOI every 681 secs				every 309s			
Rate of try							every 309s			
			every 891 secs	RW						
POSSESSION SOURCE OF OWN TRIES OPP TRIES										
	2		Line	eout			2			
	2			um						
	3			Free kick			1			
	4			eceipt			1			
	1		Turn				1			
	AVERAGE	RV	ACTIV - VC AVERAGE		RAT	`E	RWC RA	ATE - POOL		
Rucks	80		71		per m	nin	4.1	per min		
Passes	121		112		per n	nin		per min		
Kicks	34		26		per n	nin		per min		
			PLAYER I	PASSING	ŕ	DU				
0/ 0	1.1.6		%			RW	CRATE			
	made by for		18%				<u>19%</u>			
-	made by scru						44%			
% of passes	s made by for	wards	36%				37%			
			SCRU	JMS						
Total Ow	n Scrums	48	Success		94%	88	%RWC RA	ATE - POOL		
Total Opp		68	Success		15%	12				
Total Own	Lineouts	113	LINE( Success		80%	80	%RWC R	ATE - POOL		
Total Opp		110	Success		17%	20				
	Lincouts	110	Buccess	/0	1//0	-20	/0			
			PENAI	TIES						
	Penalties	s For				59	9			
	Penalties Against					62				
	Total Cards Awarded					1				

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 56 of 76





			MATCH R	RESULT	S					
	Pool		Japan			Won		35 - 31		
	Pool		Canada	1		Won		29 - 16		
	Pool		Australi			Lost		12 - 55		
	Pool		Wales			Won		38 - 34		
Qua	rter Final		South Afr	ica		Lost		20 - 37		
			TIME OF	SCORE	S					
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half	•		2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	lf	Total		
	es scored		7			9		16		
	s conceded		6			15		24		
	nversions							12 of 16		
	alty Goals							10 of 13		
Dr	op Goals							0 of 2		
RATE OF TRY SCORING/CONCEDING										
Rate of tr	v scoring		every 310 secs		WC RATE		every 309s	secs		
Rate of try			every 283 secs		WC RATE		every 309s			
	SION SOUR					-		OURCE OF		
	<b>OWN TRIES</b>						OPP TR			
3			Line	eout			10			
4				um			5			
	-			Free kic	k		-			
	6			eceipt			2			
	3		Turn	nover			4			
			ACTI	VITV						
	AVERAGE	RV	WC AVERAGE -		RA	те	- 2 4 RWC RATE - POOL 4.4 per min 6.9 per min 1.3 per min			
Rucks	73	IC (	71	TOOL		min				
Passes	114		112		per					
Kicks	22		26		per					
			PLAYER I	PASSIN	G					
			%				VC RATE			
	s made by for		12%				19%			
	made by scru						44%			
% of passes	s made by for	wards	44%	_			37%			
			SCRU	IMS						
Total Ow	n Scrums	38	Success		76%	88	%RWC R	ATE - POOL		
Total Ow		52	Success		0%	12				
Total Op	Serund		Success	, <b>.</b>	0,0	12				
			LINE	DUTS						
Total Own	Lineouts	78	Success	%	69%	80	%RWC RA	ATE - POOL		
Total Opp	Lineouts	72	Success		11%	20	%			
			PENAI	LTIES						
	Penalties					4				
	Penalties A					5				
	Total Cards	Award	ed			3				

Page 57 of 76



## FRANCE

			FI	FR				
			MATCH R	ESULT	S			
	Pool		Argentin			Lost		17 – 12
	Pool		Namibia	ı		Won		87 - 10
	Pool		Ireland			Won		25 – 3
	Pool		Georgia			Won		64 – 7
	rter Final		New Zeala			Won		20 - 18
	mi Final		England			Lost		9 – 14
Bro	nze Final		Argentin	a		Lost		34 - 10
			TIME OF		S	- 1		
-			1 <sup>st</sup> Half			2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	lf	Total
	es scored		9			18		27
	s conceded		5			6		11
	nversions							19 of 27
	alty Goals							18 of 24
Dr	op Goals							0 of 5
		-						
			E OF TRY SCOP				2000	
Rate of tr			every 317 secs		VC RATE		every 309s	
Rate of try			every 667 secs	RV	VC RATE		every 309s	
	SION SOUR	CE OF				POSSI		OURCE OF
	OWN TRIES		т.	4			OPP TR	IES
	7		Line				3	
	11		Scr				-	
	1		Penalty/		ĸ		2	
	<u>6</u> 2		Kick r				<u>1</u> 5	
	2		Turn	over			5	
			ACTIV					
	AVERAGE	D W	VC AVERAGE -		RA	FF	PWC P	ATE - POOL
Rucks	73		71	TOOL	per 1			per min
Passes	137		112		per 1			per min
Kicks	232		26		per per p			per min
RICKS	252		20		per l		1.0	per min
			PLAYER I	PASSIN	с.			
			%			WC R 4	ATE - POO	L%
% of passes	s made by for	wards	14%				19%	
	made by scru						44%	
	made by for		44%				37%	
Passes	,		, , ,					
Total Ow	n Scrums	62	Success	%	94%	88	%RWC R	ATE - POOL
Total Opp		57	Success		18%	12		001
			LINEC	DUTS				
Total Own	Lineouts	123	Success		86%	80	%RWC R	ATE - POOL
Total Opp		89	Success		21%	20		
			·					
			PENAI	TIES				
	Penalties	s For				70	6	
	Penalties A	gainst				49	9	
	<b>Total Cards</b>	ed			2			

Page 58 of 76



# GEORGIA

	MATCH RESULTS								
	Pool		Argentin			Lost		3 - 33	
	Pool		Ireland			Lost		10 - 14	
	Pool		France			Lost		7 - 64	
	Pool		Namibia	a	Won			30 - 0	
			TIME OF 1 <sup>st</sup> Half		S	2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	IF.	Total	
Tri	es scored		<u>1 11an</u> 1			<u>2 11a</u> 4	LL	10tai	
	s conceded		4			11		15	
	nversions					11		5 of 5	
	Penalty Goals							5 of 11	
	op Goals							0 of 8	
DI	op Gouis							0010	
			E OF TRY SCO						
Rate of tr			every 925 secs				every 309		
Rate of try			every 290 secs	RV	VC RATE	-	every 309		
	SION SOUR	CE OI	?			POSSI		OURCE OF	
	OWN TRIES						OPP TR	RIES	
	1		Line				7		
	-			um	3				
	1		Penalty/		κ.		1		
-				eceipt			2		
	3		Turn	over			2		
			ACTI	VITY					
	AVERAGE	RV	WC AVERAGE -	POOL	RAT	Ъ	RWC RATE - POOL 4.1 per min		
Rucks	87		71		4.5 per	min	4.1	per min	
Passes	77		112		4.0 per	min	6.4	per min	
Kicks	31		26		1.6 per	min	1.5	per min	
			PLAYER I	PASSIN	n J				
			%			WC RA	ATE - POC	DL%	
% of passes	s made by for	wards	14%				19%		
	made by scru						44%		
	s made by for		30%				37%		
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			SCRU	IMS					
Total Ow	n Scrums	36	Success		89%	88	%RWC R	ATE - POOL	
Total Opp		34	Success		<b>15%</b> 12%				
Total Own	Total Own Lineouts 63			%	73%	80	%RWC R	ATE - POOL	
Total Opp Lineouts     71     Success %     17%     20%									
opp					<u> </u>	20			
		_	PENAI	TIES					
	Penalties					37			
	Penalties A					42			
	Total Cards Awarded					red 2	– yellow		



# IRELAND

			MATCH R	RESULT	S					
	Pool		Namibia			Won		32 – 17		
	Pool	1	Georgia		1	Won		14 - 10		
	Pool		France			Lost		3 – 25		
	Pool		Argentin	a		Lost		15 - 30		
			TIME OF 1 <sup>st</sup> Half		S	2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	le l	Total		
T	ag goograd		<u> </u>				I			
	es scored s conceded		<u> </u>			4 5		<u>9</u> 7		
	s conceded nversions		2		-	5		5 of 9		
	alty Goals							2 of 4		
	op Goals							1 of 1		
DI	op Goais				1			1011		
RATE OF TRY SCORING/CONCEDING										
Rate of tr			every 489 secs		VC RATE		every 309			
Rate of try			every 677 secs	RV	VC RATE		every 309			
	SSION SOUR					POSSI		OURCE OF		
	OWN TRIES						OPP TF	RIES		
	5		Line				1			
	1			um			3			
	1		Penalty/		K C		0			
	1		Kick r				2			
	1		Turn	nover			1			
ACTIVITY										
	AVERAGE	E RW	C AVERAGE -		RA	те	RWC R	ATE - POOL		
Rucks	73		71	TOOL	4.0 pe			per min		
Passes	121		112		6.6 pe			per min		
Kicks	30		26		1.7 pe			per min		
					-					
			PLAYER I %	PASSING			ATE - POC	NL 0/		
0/ of passo	s made by for	worde	70 11%		ſ	KWC KA	19%	JL%		
	made by scru		49%				44%			
	made by series made by for		49%				37%			
70 01 passes	s made by 101	warus	40 / 8				5770			
			SCRU	U <b>MS</b>						
Total Ow	n Scrums	38	Success	%	89%			C RATE – OL		
Total Op	p Scrums	41	Success	%	15%	12				
	LINEOUTS									
Total Owr	Total Own Lineouts 70		Success		81%			C RATE – OL		
Total Opp	Lineouts	Success	%	16%	20					
		Б	PENAI	TIES			,			
	Penalties For					43				
	Penalties Against					38				
	Total Cards Awarded					0 red 2	yellow			

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 60 of 76





			7							
			MATCH R	ESULTS	5					
	Pool		New Zeala			Lost		14 - 76		
	Pool		Romania			Won		24 - 18		
	Pool		Portuga			Won		31 - 5		
	Pool		Scotland			Lost		16 - 18		
	1 001		Storiant	-		2000	J	10 10		
			TIME OF							
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half	•		2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	lf	Total		
	es scored		4			4		8		
	s conceded		7		7		14			
	nversions							6 of 8		
Pen	alty Goals							11 of 15		
Dr	op Goals							0 of 3		
Rate of tr Rate of try		1 try 1 try	E OF TRY SCOF every 525 secs every 269 secs	RW		1 try 1 try	every 309s every 309s			
	SION SOUR	CE OF				P0551				
			T in				OPP TR	IES		
3			Line			6				
2			Scr				- 2			
- 1			Penalty/				<u> </u>			
	2		Kick r Turn				<u> </u>			
	Z		Turn	lover			1			
			ACTIV	VITV						
	AVERAGE		VC AVERAGE -		RAT	F	<b>RWC RATE - POOL</b> <b>n</b> 4.1 per min			
Rucks	65		71	TOOL						
Passes	126		112		7.2 per			per min		
Kicks	33		26		1.9 per			per min		
KICKS			20		1.9 per	111111	1.5	per min		
			PLAYER I	PASSING	۲ F					
			%		R	WC RA	ATE - POO	L%		
	s made by for		16%				19%			
	made by scru		43%				44%			
	s made by for		41%				37%			
			SCDI	TME						
Total O	n Somura	33	SUGGOSS		070/	00	04 DWC D	ATE - POOL		
Total Ow		<u> </u>	Success Success		<u>97%</u>			ATE - POOL		
Total Op	5 SCI UIIIS	21	Success	/0	19%	12	70			
			LINE	DUTS						
Total Owr		71	Success		86% 80% RWC RATE - POOL					
Total Opp	Lineouts	74	Success		18%	20	%			
			PENAI	TIES						
	Penalties	s For				44	1			
	Penalties A	gainst				37	7			
	Total Cards	Award	ed		0 -	red 3	- yellow			





MATCH RESULTS									
	Pool		Australi			Lost		3 - 91	
	Pool		Fiji	u		Lost		31 - 35	
	Pool		Wales			Lost		18 - 72	
	Pool		Canada			Drew		10 - 72	
	1 001		Canada	L		DICW		12 - 12	
			TIME OF		5	and ==			
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half			2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	f	Total	
	es scored		2			5		7	
	s conceded		8			22		30	
	nversions							4/7	
	alty Goals							7/7	
Dr	op Goals							No	
							attempts		
		RATE	E OF TRY SCO	RING/CO	ONCEDI	NG			
Rate of tr	y scoring		every 596 secs				every 309s	secs	
Rate of try	conceding		every 150 secs	RW	VC RATE		every 309s		
	SION SOUR	CE OF				POSSE	ESSION S	OURCE OF	
(	<b>DWN TRIES</b>						OPP TR	IES	
	3			eout			11		
	-		Scr	um			5		
	1		Penalty/	Free kick	<u> </u>		2		
	-		Kick 1	receipt			5		
	3		Turr	nover			7		
ACTIVITY									
	AVERAGE	RV	VC AVERAGE -		RA	ТЕ	RWCR	ATE - POOL	
Rucks	72		71		4.2 pe	r min		per min	
Passes	108		112		6.3 pe			per min	
Kicks	25		26		1.4 pe			per min	
			PLAYER 1	PASSIN	2				
			%			RWC RA	TE - POO	L%	
% of passes	made by for	wards	20%				19%		
	made by scru						44%		
	made by for		33%				37%		
	İ		SCRU	IMS					
Total Own	n Scrums	38	Success		87%		88% RW0 PO		
Total Opp	Scrums	34	Success	%	9%	129			
			1	Į.	2,0				
Total Own	LINEOUTS           Lineouts         65         Success %         85%         80% RWC RA           POOL         POOL         POOL         POOL								
Total Opp									
			PENAI	TIES					
	Penalties	For				43	}		
	Penalties A					32			
	Total Cards	0			0 -		– yellow		
L	Total Cardo Trida o Jenow								

Page 62 of 76





			MATCH R	ESULT	5					
	Pool		Ireland			Lost		17 - 32		
	Pool		France			Lost		10 - 87		
	Pool		Argentin			Lost		3 - 63		
	Pool		Georgia			Lost		0 - 30		
	1001		Georgia			Lost		0-30		
			TIME OF	SCORES	5					
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half	,		2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	f	Total		
Tr	ies scored		0			3		3		
	s conceded		13			17		30		
					0	Conversi	ons	3 of 3		
						enalty G		2 of 5		
						Drop Go		1 of 4		
		,				, î				
RATE OF TRY SCORING/CONCEDING           Rate of try scoring         1 try every 963 secs         RWC RATE         1 try every 309secs										
	conceding		every 164 secs	RŴ	C RATE		every 309			
	SSION SOUR	CE OF				POSSI		OURCE OF		
	OWN TRIES		T.	4			OPP TE	RIES		
	1		Line							
	-			um			8 8 4			
	-		Penalty/		<u> </u>					
	1		Kick r				73			
1 Turnover 3										
ACTIVITY										
	AVERAGE	RW	C AVERAGE -		RA	ТЕ	RWCR	ATE - POOL		
Rucks	46		71	TOOL	3.8 pe			per min		
Passes	52		112		4.3 pe			per min		
Kicks	24		26		2.0 pe			per min		
			PLAYER I	PASSIN						
			%		I	RWC RA	ATE - POC	DL%		
	s made by for		17%				19%			
% of passes	made by scru	ım half	49%				44%			
% of passe	s made by for	wards	34%				37%			
			CON							
Tetal	n Comu	40	SCRU		<b>73</b> 0/		000/ DW	CDATE		
1 otal Ow	n Scrums	48	Success	70	73%			C RATE -		
Total Op	n Somuma	38	Success	0/-	3%	12		OOL		
Total Op	p Seruins	30	Success	/0	3%0	12	/0			
LINEOUTS										
Total Ow	n Lineouts	58	Success	1	71%		80% RW	C RATE -		
					POOL			OL		
Total Opp	Dineouts	66	Success	%	15%	20	%			
			PENAI	TIES						
	Penaltie					29				
	Penalties A					48				
	<b>Total Cards</b>	Awarde	d		1	– red 0	– yellow			
	· · · · ·									

Page 63 of 76



## NEW ZEALAND

			RUGBYL	ZEALAND JINION					
			MATCH R	FSIII T	2				
	Pool		Italy	LSULI		Won		76 - 14	
	Pool		Portuga	1		Won		-	
	Pool		Scotland			Won			
	Pool		Romania			Won			
Oua	rter Final		France			Lost		18 - 20	
			TIME OF	SCORE					
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half	,		2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	f	Total	
	es scored		24			24	f       Total         48       6         36 of 48       5 of 6         0 of 2       0 of 2         every 309secs       8         every 309secs       8         SSION SOURCE OF OPP TRIES       1         1       1         2       1         1       1         2       1         1       1         2       1         1       1         2       1         1       1         2       1         1       1         2       1         1       1         2       1         1       1         2       1         1       1         2       1         8.6 per min       1.1 per min         1.9%       44%         37%       37%         %RWC RATE - POOL       %         %RWC RATE - POOL       %		
	s conceded		2			4			
	nversions								
	alty Goals								
Dr	op Goals							0 of 2	
RATE OF TRY SCORING/CONCEDING									
Rate of tr	v scoring		every 124 secs		VC RATE	_	every 300	ecs	
	conceding		every 784 secs		VC RATE	7	2		
	SION SOUR			I. I.	VO IUTIE				
	17		Line	eout			1		
	5			um		1			
	5			Free kic	k		1		
14			Kick r	eceipt			2		
	7		Turn	over			1		
	AVEDACE	DW	ACTIV - C AVERAGE/		RAT	קוי	DW		
Rucks	AVERAGE 92	KW	71	POOL	per r				
Passes	92 165		112		per i				
Kicks	23		26		per r				
IXICKS	25		20		peri		1.1	per min	
			PLAYER I	PASSIN	G				
			%			RW	C RATE		
% of passes	made by for	wards	27%				19%		
	made by scru						44%		
% of passes	s made by for	wards	38%				37%		
	g	42	SCRU		020/	- 00		TE DOOL	
Total Own		43	Success		93%			ATE - POOL	
Total Opj	5 Scrums	54	Success	/0	6%	129	/0		
LINEOUTS									
Total Own	Lineouts	69	Success		93%	80	%RWC R	ATE - POOL	
Total Opp		52	Success		31%	209			
			PENAI	TIES					
	Penalties					40			
	Penalties A					35			
	Total Cards Awarded 2								

Page 64 of 76



# PORTUGAL

	<b>D</b> 1		MATCH F		'S	<b>.</b> .				
	Pool		Scotland			Lost		10 - 56		
	Pool		New Zeala	ind		Lost		13 - 108		
	Pool		Italy			Lost		5 - 31		
	Pool		Romani	a		Lost		10 - 14		
			TIME OF		S					
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half	•		2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	f	Total		
Tri	es scored		3			1		4		
	s conceded		13			16		29		
	nversions							3 of 4		
	alty Goals							3 of 3		
Dr	op Goals							1 of 4		
		RATE	COF TRY SCO	RING/C	ONCEDI	NG				
Rate of tr			every 877 secs		WC RATI		every 309	secs		
Rate of try			every 166 secs		WC RATH		every 309			
	SSION SOURC	CE OF	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					OURCE OF		
	OWN TRIES						OPP TRIES			
	2		Lin	eout		16				
	-			um			2			
	2			Free kic	k		3			
-			Kick 1	eceipt			5			
	-		Turr	nover			3			
			АСТГ	VITY						
	AVERAGE	RW	/C AVERAGE -		RA	ТЕ	RWC R	ATE - POOL		
Rucks	60		71		4.1 pe	r min		per min		
Passes	77		112		5.3 pe		6.4	per min		
Kicks	28		26		1.9 pe		1.5	per min		
					G					
			PLAYER 1 %	PASSIN		RWCRA	TE - POO	DL%		
% of passes	s made by forw	ards	15%				19%			
	made by scrur						44%			
	s made by forw		34%				37%			
			COD	D.A.C						
Total Ow	n Somuma	46	SCRU Success		85%	00	04 DWC D	ATE - POOL		
Total Ow		<u>40</u> 33	Success		12%			ATE - POOL		
Total Op	y Sei unis	33	Success	/0	1270	12	/0			
	LINEOUTS									
	Total Own Lineouts 61 Su				61%			ATE - POOL		
Total Opp Lineouts 82 S				%	7%	20	%			
			PENAI	TIES						
	Penalties					33				
	Penalties Ag	-	,			44				
1	<b>Total Cards A</b>	ed		0 -	<u>- red 1</u>	– yellow				



# ROMANIA

					4				
			MATCH R	RESULTS	5	<b>T</b> (		10 04	
	Pool		Italy	1		Lost		<u>18 - 24</u> 0 - 42	
	Pool		Scotland			Lost		-	
	Pool		Portuga			Won		14 - 10	
	Pool		New Zeala	ind		Lost		8 - 85	
			TIME OF	SCORES	2				
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half			2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	f	Total	
Tri	es scored		1			4		5	
	s conceded		11			11	22		
					Conversions			3 of 5	
					Pe	enalty G	oals	3 of 8	
					Ι	Drop Goals 0 of 1			
			E OF TRY SCO						
Rate of tr			every 872 secs		C RATE		every 309		
Rate of try			every 182 secs	RW	C RATE		every 309		
	SSION SOUR OWN TRIES	CE OI				POSSI	SSION S OPP TR	OURCE OF	
· · · · · ·	4		Lin	out			<u>OPP 1</u> 6		
	-			um					
	-		Penalty/				4		
	1			eceipt			8		
	-		Turr				2		
			ACTI						
	AVERAGE	RV	WC AVERAGE -	POOL	RA			ATE - POOL	
Rucks	83		71		4.6 pe			per min	
Passes	87		112		4.8 pe			per min	
Kicks	26		26		1.5 pe	r min	1.5	per min	
			PLAYER I	PASSING	<u>1</u>				
			%			RWCRA	TE - POO	DL%	
% of passes	s made by forv	vards	25%				19%		
	made by scru						44%		
	s made by forv		28%				37%		
	a		SCRU		010/				
Total Ow		32	Success		<u>91%</u>			ATE - POOL	
Total Op	p Scrums	44	Success	/0	18%	12	%		
			LINE	DUTS					
Total Owr	n Lineouts	72	Success		82%	80	%RWC R	ATE - POOL	
Total Opp		69	Success		19%				
				<sup>1</sup>					
			PENAI	TIES					
	Penalties					36			
	Penalties A					39			
	Total Cards Awarded				0 -	- red 1	– yellow		

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 66 of 76





			<sup>44</sup> AU	KIRT CR						
			MATCH R	ESUL	ГS					
	Pool		South Afri	ica		Lost		7 - 59		
	Pool		Tonga			Lost		15 - 19		
	Pool		England	l		Lost		22 - 44		
	Pool		USA			Won		25 - 21		
				GOODI	20					
			TIME OF 1 1 <sup>st</sup> Half		28	2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	f	Total		
Tri	es scored		<u>1 11an</u> 4			<u>2</u> 11a 1	1	5		
	s conceded		4			11		15		
	nversions		-					4 of 5		
	alty Goals							12 of 14		
	op Goals							No		
	•							attempts		
			OF TRY SCOR							
Rate of tr			every 711 secs				try every 309secs try every 309secs			
Rate of try			every 283 secs	R	WC RATI	$\pm$   1 try	every 309s	secs		
	SION SOUR OWN TRIES	CE OF				POSSI				
	3		Line	out						
	-		Scr							
	-		Penalty/ I		·k					
	1		Kick r							
	1		Turn				1			
			ACTIV							
	AVERAGE	RW	C AVERAGE -	POOL	RA					
Rucks	52		71		3.5 pe					
Passes	111		112		7.5 pe					
Kicks	23		26		1.6 pe	r min	1.5	per min		
			DI AMED I	DA COTN						
			PLAYER F %	ASSIN		RWCRA	TE - POO	01 %		
% of passes	s made by forv	vards	16%	_			19%	309secs DN SOURCE OF P TRIES 5 6 1 2		
	made by scru		39%	-			44%			
	made by forv		45%	_			37%			
			SCRU	JMS						
Total Ow		38	Success		76%	88	%RWC RA	ATE - POOL		
Total Op	o Scrums	44	Success	%	7%	129	%			
T-4 1 0	<b>T !</b>	(-	LINEC		<b>51</b> 0/					
Total Own		<u>65</u> 47	Success		71% 23%			ATE - POOL		
Total Opp		41/	Success	/0	23%	209	/0			
			PENAL	TIES						
	Penalties	For				34				
	Penalties A					47				
	Total Cards A	-	d		0		– yellow			
	Total Carus Awarucu 0–1cu 1–yellow									



# SCOTLAND

			RUGBY	UNION						
			MATCH R	ESUL	ГS					
	Pool		Portuga			Won		56 -10		
	Pool		Romania			Won		$\frac{10}{42-0}$		
	Pool		New Zeala			Lost		0-40		
	Pool		Italy			Won		18 - 16		
Qua	arter Final		Argentin	a		Lost		15 - 19		
			TIME OF	SCORI	ES					
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half	•		2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	f	Total		
	ies scored		7			8		15		
	s conceded		6			3		9		
	nversions							15 of 15		
	alty Goals							8 of 9		
Dr	op Goals							0 of 2		
		RATE	C OF TRY SCOI	RING/C	CONCEDI	NG				
	y scoring		every 354 secs				1 try every 309secs			
	conceding		every 595 secs	R	WC RATI		every 309s			
	SSION SOUR	CE OF				POSSI		OURCE OF		
	OWN TRIES						OPP TR 2	IES		
	7		Line							
	1		Scr			2				
	2		Penalty/							
	5		Kick r							
	-		Turn	over			2			
			ACTI							
	AVERAGE	RW	/C AVERAGE -	POOL	RA	ТЕ		ATE - POOL		
Rucks	74		71					per min		
Passes	120		112		-	min		per min		
Kicks	26		26		per	min	1.4	per min		
			PLAYER I	PASSIN	IG					
			%			RW	C RATE			
% of passes	s made by forv	wards	18%				1.4 per min 7C RATE 19%			
	made by scru		45%	-			44%			
	s made by forv		37%				37%			
	, i									
	G	-4	SCRU		0.467					
	n Scrums	51	Success		84%			ATE - POOL		
I otal Op	p Scrums	52	Success	/0	4%	12	%			
			LINE	DUTS						
Total Own	n Lineouts	86	Success	%	88%	80	%RWC R	ATE - POOL		
Total Opp	o Lineouts	83	Success	%	25%	20	%			
			PENAI	<b>LTIES</b>						
	Penalties					51				
	Penalties A	0				52	2			
	<b>Total Cards</b> A	Awardo	ed			1				

Page 68 of 76



## SOUTH AFRICA

	MATCH RESULTS		
Pool	Samoa	Won	59
Pool	England	Won	36
Pool	Tonga	Won	30 -
Pool	USA	Won	64 -
Quarter Final	Fiji	Won	37 -
Semi Final	Argentina	Won	37 -
Final	England	Won	15
	TIME OF SCORES		
	1 <sup>st</sup> Half	2 <sup>nd</sup> Half	То
	1 11411		
Tries scored	13	20	3
Tries scored Tries conceded		<u>20</u> 7	3
	13	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Tries conceded	13	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

#### **RATE OF TRY SCORING/CONCEDING**

Rate of try scoring	1 try	1 try every 206		RWC RAT	ΓE	1 try every 309secs
Rate of try conceding	1 try	every 83	0 secs	RWC RAT	ΓE	1 try every 309secs
POSSESSION SOUR	CE OF	7			P	OSSESSION SOURCE OF
OWN TRIES						OPP TRIES
9			Line	eout		2
9			Scr	um		2
3		P	enalty/ I	Free kick		-
4			Kick r	eceipt		3
8			Turn	over		2

	ACTIVITY									
	AVERAGE	RWC AVERAGE - POOL	RATE	RWC RATE - POOL						
Rucks	58	71	per min	3.6 per min						
Passes	106	112	per min	6.6 per min						
Kicks	33	26	per min	2.0 per min						

PLAYER PASSING								
% RWC RATE - POOL%								
% of passes made by forwards	24%	19%						
% of passes made by scrum half	42%	44%						
% of passes made by forwards	34%	37%						

SCRUMS								
Total Own Scrums	79	Success '	% 92%	6 88%RWC RATE - POOL				
Total Opp Scrums	65	Success <sup>o</sup>	% 8%	12%				
LINEOUTS								
Total Own Lineouts	92	Success <sup>6</sup>	% 89%	80%RWC RATE - POOL				
Total Opp Lineouts	126	Success <sup>6</sup>	% 32%	<b>o</b> 20%				
		PENAL	TIES					
Penaltie	s For			69				
Penalties .	Against		61					
Total Cards Awarded 3								





				·					
			MATCH R	ESULT	S				
	Pool		USA			Won		25 - 15	
	Pool		Samoa			Won		19 - 15	
	Pool		South Afr	ica		Lost		25 - 30	
	Pool		England			Lost		20 - 36	
		<u> </u>	TIME OF		S				
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half	•		2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	Total		
	ies scored		2		7			9	
	s conceded		3			7		10	
	nversions							7 of 9	
	alty Goals							10 of 12	
Dr	op Goals							0 of 4	
		DATE			ONCEDU				
Rate of tr			OF TRY SCOI				avory 200	2008	
	conceding	1 try	every 440 secs		WC RATE		every 309secs		
	SSION SOURC		every 425 sees	K	WURAIL				
	OWN TRIES					10551			
	3		Line	eout			1		
	4		Scr				2		
	-		Penalty/	Free kic	k		3		
	1		Kick r				3		
	1		Turn	over			1		
			ACTIV		_				
	AVERAGE	RW	CAVERAGE -	POOL	RAT				
Rucks	63		71		3.8 per				
Passes	85		112		5.1 per				
Kicks	26		26		1.6 per	min	1.5	per min	
					0				
I			PLAYER I	ASSIN			TE DOO	J 0/	
0/ of page	s made by forw	onda	<u>%</u> 24%	-	K	WCKA	<u>19%</u>	L%	
	made by scrur		40%	-			44%		
	s made by forw		36%	_			37%		
70 01 passes	s made by 101 w	arus	5070				5170		
			SCRU	JMS					
Total Ow	n Scrums	38	Success		92%	88	%RWC R/	ATE - POOL	
Total Op	p Scrums	32	Success	%	9%	12			
			LINE	DUTS					
	n Lineouts	54	Success		83%			DN SOURCE OF P TRIES 1 2 3 3	
Total Opp	Lineouts	62	Success	%	16%	20	%		
		_	PENAI	TIES					
	Penalties	-				41			
	Penalties Ag		,			39			
	Total Cards Awarded					red 3	yellow		

Page 70 of 76





			nut							
MATCH RESULTS										
	Pool		England			Lost		10 - 28		
	Pool		Tonga			Lost		15 - 25		
	Pool		Samoa			Lost		21 - 25		
	Pool		South Afr		Lost			15 - 64		
			TIME OF		ES	,				
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half			2 <sup>nd</sup> Hal	f	Total		
	es scored		1			6		7		
	s conceded		9			9		18		
	nversions							4 of 7		
	alty Goals							6 of 8		
Dre	op Goals							0 of 1		
		RATE	OF TRY SCO	RING/(	CONCEDI	NG				
Rate of tr			every 583 secs		WC RATE		every 309s	secs		
Rate of try			every 216 secs		WC RATE		every 309s			
	SION SOUR							OURCE OF		
	OWN TRIES					- 000-	OPP TR			
	2		Lin	eout			7			
	2			um			2			
	2 Penalty/ Free kick				2					
	-			receipt		3				
	1			iover			4			
	AVERAGE	RW	ACTI C AVERAGE -		RA	ГЕ	RWC RA	ATE - POOL		
Rucks	70		71		4.0 pe	r min		per min		
Passes	97		112		5.7 pe			per min		
Kicks	21		26		1.2 pe			per min		
			PLAYER 1	PASSIN						
					F	RWC RA	TE - POO	L%		
	made by forw		16%	1			19%			
	made by scru		45%				44%			
% of passes	made by forw	vards	39%				37%			
			SCRU	IMS						
Total Own	n Scrums	46	Success		91%	88	%RWC R	ATE - POOL		
Total Opp		35	Success		11%	12				
			Success		11/0	12				
			LINE	OUTS						
Total Own	Lineouts	62	Success		66%	80	%RWC RA	ATE - POOL		
Total Opp	Lineouts	56	Success	%	21%	20	%			
		-	PENAI	THES						
	Penalties					46				
	Penalties A					40				
	Total Cards A	warde	d		0 -	– red 4	- yellow			

Page 71 of 76





			MATCH <b>R</b>	RESUL	ſS			
	Pool		Canada			Won		42 - 17
	Pool		Australi	a		Lost		20 - 32
	Pool		Japan			Won		72 - 18
	Pool		Fiji			Lost		34 - 38
			0					
			TIME OF		ES			
			1 <sup>st</sup> Half			2 <sup>nd</sup> Ha	f	Total
	es scored		5			18		23
	s conceded		9			4		13
	nversions				16 of 23 7 of 13			
	alty Goals							
Dre	op Goals							No
								attempts
		рлтг	OF TRY SCO	DINC/C	ONCEDI	NC		
Rate of tr			every 185 secs				every 309s	2000
Rate of try			every 321 secs				every 309s	
	SION SOUR			K	WC MIII			OURCE OF
	OWN TRIES					10001	OPP TR	
	8		Lineout 1					
	5		Scr				3	
	1		Penalty/		ck		-	
	3		-				4	
	6			over			5	
		1						
			ACTI	VITY				
	AVERAGE	RW	CAVERAGE -	POOL	RA	ТЕ	RWC RA	ATE - POOL
Rucks	68		71		3.8 pe		4.1 per min	
Passes	153		112		8.6 pe		6.4 per min	
Kicks	22		26		1.3 pe	r min	1.5	per min
			PLAYER I	PASSIN			TE - POO	J 0/
0/ of pagao	made by forv	ronda	<u>%</u> 30%		1	KWC KA	19%	L%
	made by forv		30%				44%	
	made by serui		34/8				44 <i>%</i> 37%	
	made by 101 v	ai us	5070				5170	
			SCRU	JMS				
Total Ow	n Scrums	39	Success		92%	88	%RWC R	ATE - POOL
Total Opp		27	Success		30%			
			LINE(	DUTS				
Total Own	Lineouts	61	Success		89%	80	%RWC R	ATE - POOL
Total Opp	Lineouts	46	Success	%	11%	20	%	
			PENAI	TIES				
	Penalties					51		
	Penalties A					31		
Total Cards Awarded 0 – red 0 – yellow								



#### THE FOLLOWING SECTION COMPARES

## THE SHAPE OF THE GAME AS REFLECTED IN RWC 1995

WITH

## THE SHAPE OF THE GAME AS REFLECTED IN RWC 2007

### INTRODUCTION

RWC 1995 was the last World Cup played in the amateur era. Over the 12 years since then, rugby has become fully professional at Tier 1 level and almost all players at Tiers 2 and 3 are also playing professionally.

It has already been recognised that one of the results of professionalism is that the shape of rugby has changed in the intervening 12 years. The purpose of this brief narrative is to identify the areas of change – (and any areas where there has been no change) – as reflected in RWC 1995 and RWC 2007.

The report also makes reference to RWC 2003. This has been done in order to show that the major changes that have occurred with the onset of professionalism were established some time ago and that the current shape of the game is now relatively stable.

### SUMMARY

The table below summarises the results of the exercise. It reflects the core elements of the game - in numerical form - as shown in RWC 1995, RWC 2007 and RWC 2003.

	RWC 1995	RWC 2007	CHANGE	RWC 2003
BALL IN PLAY	33%	44%	Up 33%	42%
PASSES	179	224	Up 25%	241
RUCKS/MAULS	69	144	Up 107%	136
KICKS IN PLAY	75	56	Down 25%	52
SCRUMS	27	19	Down 33%	21
LINEOUTS	37	31	Down 16%	33
<b>POINTS – pool stage average</b>	56	56	No change	59
PENALTIES	25	19	Down 22%	24

The above summary shows how the emphasis of the game has changed over the last decade or so. There is now much more activity as reflected through a huge increase in ball in play time. This has brought with it a major increase in the number of passes per game and a monumental increase in the number of rucks and mauls. This could be because retention of possession is considered to be a major priority in the game which, in turn, could explain why kicks in play have become a lot less frequent.

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 73 of 76



The corollary of all this has been a noticeable reduction in set pieces. Scrum and lineouts are far fewer and, together with far fewer penalties and free kicks, means the game has many less stoppages. The current shape of the game is considerably more dynamic – and it has been so for some time. RWC 2007 is little different from RWC 2003.

The following paragraphs expand on the Summary given on the previous page.

## **BALL IN PLAY**

	RWC 1995	RWC 2007	CHANGE	RWC 2003
BALL IN PLAY	33%	44%	Up 33%	42%
Highest in a game	40%	57%		
Lowest in a game	27%	35%		

The above table shows that the highest ball in play figure seen in RWC 1995 was 40%. This figure has been exceeded in almost every game played in RWC 2007. The only matches that were below this figure were those matches where a large number of tries were scored. This is not surprising since the dead time surrounding scoring and penalty goals can take up a significant percentage of match time.

One further illustration of the change between 1995 and 2007 comes from an examination of extremes. The highest ball in play time in 2007 (45mins34secs) was twice that achieved in one of the games played in 1995 (21mins36secs)

## PASSES

	RWC 1995	RWC 2007	CHANGE	RWC 2003
PASSES	179	224	Up 25%	241
Highest in a game	254	307		
Lowest in a game	90	143		

Higher ball in play leads to higher activity – more passes, rucks and mauls. This can be illustrated by comparing Wales v Japan in 1995 with Wales v Japan in 2007 which also shows the reduction in kicks and set pieces

	WALES v JAPAN 1995	WALES v JAPAN 2007	Difference
SCORE	Wales 57 Japan 10	Wales 72 Japan 18	
BALL IN PLAY	27mins35secs	34mins38secs	+ 7mins 03 secs
PASSES	219	307	+ 96
RUCK/MAUL	89	138	+ 49
KICKS	70	44	- 26
SCRUMS	26	17	- 9
LINEOUTS	42	30	- 12

071026 CT IRBANALYSIS RWC2007REPORT

Page 74 of 76



## **RUCKS/MAULS**

	RWC 1995	RWC 2007	CHANGE	RWC 2003
<b>RUCKS/MAULS</b>	69	144	Up 107%	136
Highest in a game	97	205		
Lowest in a game	47	88		

Rucks and mauls have shown the biggest quantum change over the last 12 years. In RWC 2007, almost every game has exceeded the <u>maximum</u> achieved in any game in RWC 1995.

## KICKS

	RWC 1995	RWC 2007	CHANGE	RWC 2003
KICKS	75	56	Down 28%	52
Highest in a game	100+	91		
Lowest in a game	60+	32	Note: the 1995 figures have been obtained from an independent source and a notional adjustment has had to be made because of the protocol used in recording kicks.	

Kicks are also an area where there has been a noticeable change - in this case a reduction. A qualitative observation suggests that this could be a consequence of a greater willingness of backs to take intentional contact with the opposition in the modern game. In the past, where a tackle looked to be inevitable, the reaction was often a kick, either in field or to touch, which in turn could also explain the why there used to be a greater number of lineouts.

## SCRUMS

	RWC 1995	RWC 2007	CHANGE	RWC 2003
SCRUMS	27	18	Down 33%	21
Highest in a game	40	35		
Lowest in a game	15	12		

There continues to be a gradual reduction in the number of scrums seen in the modern game. It is not infrequent, for example, to have a period of 20 minutes or so without a single scrum. In RWC 2007, most matches had fewer than 20 scrums – in RWC 1995, there were just two. Further, only 5 matches in 2007 have had more than 24. In 1995 however, as many as 23 of the 32 matches exceeded this figure.



## LINEOUTS

	RWC 1995	RWC 2007	CHANGE	RWC 2003
LINEOUTS	37	31	Down 16%	33
Highest in a game	52	45		
Lowest in a game	23	21		

Lineouts have also declined in number – but not as much as scrums. Extremes have also narrowed. In RWC 1995, the difference between the highest and lowest was 29 - in 2007 this difference was only 24.

## PENALTIES

	RWC 1995	RWC 2007	CHANGE	RWC 2003
PENALTIES	25	19	Down 22%	24
Highest in a game	39	28		
Lowest in a game	13	11		

Penalties and free kicks have also declined noticeably since 1995. This has been a general movement over recent years but in the case of RWC there could be another contributory factor.

In 1995, the panel of referees comprised individuals from Tier 1, 2 and 3 countries. Some were inexperienced at the highest levels and research showed that, as a group, they awarded far more penalties than Tier 1 referees. The current system – being totally merit-based – appears to have reduced the number of penalties and free kicks being awarded and brought all matches much closer to the mean. The difference in 1995 between the highest and lowest penalised games was 26 - in 2007, this had been reduced to 15.

## POINTS

This is the one area where there has been little change. At the pool stage in both the 1995 tournament and the 2007 tournament, the average number of points scored was 56.

At the knockout stage there was a difference however. In RWC 1995, the average was 49 points per game – in RWC 2007, it was 36.